

Kassab Travel Center Project

Appendix H

Hydrology Study

Hydrology Study

for

29301 RIVERSIDE DRIVE LAKE ELSINORE, CA 92530

JUNE 01, 2018



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Project Description:

The site comprises of 2 assessor's parcel (lots - APN 378-030-007 AND APN 378-030-009). Currently, the site is vacant, undeveloped land with shrubs, grass and weeds grown throughout the site. The site is located on the west side of the intersection of Riverside Drive and Collier Avenue in the City of Lake Elsinore. The site is approximately 2.40 acres (104,045 sf) with moderate terrain that predominantly slopes from the east to the west; with approximately 8 feet of topographic relief across the site. Drainage flow at the site is dominated by sheet flowing across the property towards the west. Figure 1 shows the site and surrounding features.

The project proposes to develop commercial buildings with associated paved driveway, parking, walkway and landscape throughout. The proposed development consists of two single-story commercial buildings (one restaurant and one food mart with gasoline dispensing island) with total impervious coverage of 91,422 sf.

Purpose and objective:

The purpose and objective of this hydrology study are as follows:

- 1) to determine the design peak 10-year & 100-year frequency storm runoff for the project site.
- 2) To establish the finished pad elevation of proposed buildings that will be at least one foot (1-ft) above the water surface elevation of the 100-yr storm event.
- 3) To determine the hydraulic capacities of proposed storm drainage systems including ribbon gutter and parkway culvert to convey onsite storm runoffs into WQMP BMPS and ultimately to the street gutter in case of heavy rain.

Existing Drainage Pattern:

The watershed for the site is comprised of a single subarea (Subarea C). Currently, the drainage runoff from the site is towards the natural topographic direction from east to the west.

Proposed Drainage Pattern:

The watershed for the site is divided into two subareas; namely Subarea A and Subarea B. Subarea B is the tributary area from the C-store (23,242 sft) and adjacent paved area discharged into the proposed Bioretention basin located north of the driveway from Collier Ave.; and Subarea A is the remainder portion that includes the dispenser area, restaurant and the associated paved parking and driveway areas (62,929 sft). Discharge from the Subarea A is into the proposed Bioretention basin, located west of the driveway from Riverside Drive.

Methodology:

The hydrology calculations performed utilized the Section D -Rational Method of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conversation District Hydrology Manual (RCHM), dated April 1978. The 10-Year and 100-Year storm return frequency rainfall was used for existing and developed conditions.

The watershed studied consists of proposed project site is situated within the Riverside County within the 2-year and 100-year l-hour isohyet of 0.57 and 1.45 inches respectively (see enclosed Hydrology Map in Figure 2 to 4). The isohyet for 10-yr 1-hour rainfall was then interpolated from Figure 4 as 0.92 inches. The slope for the rainfall intensity curve for the site area was found to be 0.45 (see Figure 5).

Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM):

The site is located in Zone X of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), Riverside County, California and incorporated areas panel 2028 of 3805 with map number 06065C2028G dated August 28, 2008. A Zone X is designation as areas determined to be outside of the 0.2% annual chance floodplain or areas of 0.2% annual chance flood: areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by leeves from 1% annual chance flood. The majority of the site falls within the later definition of Zone X. The FIRM map for this project is located in Figure 6.

Watershed Precipitation Data:

Precipitation data from the Isohyetal maps of the RCHM was used in this report and is shown below.

| Storm Event | Precipitation (inches) | Ref. Figure/Appendix |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 10-Yr, 1-Hr | 0.92 | |
| 25-Yr, 1-Hr | 1.12 | |
| 100-Yr, 1-Hr | 1.45 | |

Table 1 – Precipitation Data (Rational Method Calculations)

Hydrology Calculations & Summary:

<u>Time of Concentration (Tc)</u>

2.55e time of concentration (Tc) was obtained by first defining the subareas and their respective length of flow, elevation difference, and type of development. This data was then plotted onto Figure D-3 (see Figure 7), Time of Concentration Nomograph, in order to obtain the time of concentration for each drainage subarea per RCHM. Subarea Initial Time of Concentrations (Tc) has been shown in Table 2 below:

 Table 2 – Time of Concentration

| Development Stage (Pre/Post) | Node @ High Elev. (ft) | Node @ Low elev (ft) | Node Elev. Diff. (ft) | Flow length, L (ft) | Tc (min) | Ref. Appendix |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Post-dev | 1267.10 | 1264.55 | 2.55 | 280 | 7.6 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Post-dev | 1266.25 | 1265.14 | 1.11 | 320 | 9.5 | |
| Pre-dev | 1269.00 | 1261.00 | 8.00 | 510 | 15.0 | |

Rainfall Intensity, I (in/hr)

This site-specific precipitation values from Table 1 were plotted onto Plate D-4 (Figure 8) in order to find the rainfall intensities (I), based on the log-log slope of site location (= 0.45) per Figure 5.

| Subarea | Tc (Min) | | 100 Yr F Intensi | ty, I ₁₀₀ | 25 Yr Rainfall Intensity, I ₂₅ | | 10 Yr Rainfall Intensity, I ₁₀ (in/hr) | | Ref. |
|---------------------|----------|------|---------------------|----------------------|--|------|---|--------------|----------|
| | Pre | Post | (in/ Pre | hr) Post | (in/hr) Pre Post | | (in, Pre | /hr) Post | Appendix |
| A(Apn: 378-030-007) | | 7.6 | `` | 3.65 | | 2.82 | | 2.26 | |
| B(Apn: 378-030-009) | | 9.5 | | 3.3 | | 2.55 | | 2.06 | |
| A+B | 15 | | 2.82 | | 2.08 | | 1.67 | | |

Subarea Rainfall Intensity (I) has been shown in table 3 below. **Table 3** – Rainfall Intensity

Soil Types and Runoff Index Numbers

Soil types on and near the project site (for on-site tributary) and corresponding Runoff Index Numbers (AMC II) used in this report are shown in Appendix A.

For the entire project site, soil type "B" is shown per Figure 8. For the existing condition, barren soil is selected as the site is 100% undeveloped with single subarea. For the developed condition, the project is composed of pervious (landscape) and impervious (roof, driveway/walkway/retaining wall) areas and the site is divided into two Subareas. Mixed cover has been calculated based on proportioning area of Landscape and Impervious Area.

| Soil Cover | er Soil Quality of Type Cover | | Area (SF) | | | SCS Curve N | SCS Curve No. (AMC III) | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------|------|---------|-------------|----------------------------|----|
| Iy | Туре | Cover | Pervious | Imp. | Total | | | |
| Barren | В | - | 104,045 | 0 | 104,045 | | 86 | 97 |
| Landscape | В | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 56 | |
| Imp. Area | | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 98 | |
| | | | | | | 86 (0) | | |
| Mixed Cover | В | - | | | | 56 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 |
| | | | | | | 98 (0) | | |

Table 4 – On-site Pre-developed Runoff Index Numbers

| Table 5 – On-site Post-developed Condition Runoff Index Numbers; Subare | ea A |
|---|------|
|---|------|

| Soil Cover | Soil Quality of | | Area (SF) | | SCS Curve No. (AMC II) | | SCS Curve No. (AMC III) | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|--------|------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----|
| | Туре | Cover | Pervious | Imp. | Total | | | |
| Landscape | В | Good | | 0 | | | 56 | 76 |
| Imp. Area | | - | 0 | | | | 98 | 100 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Mixed Cover | В | - | 10,605 | 66,752 | 77,357 | 56 (10,605) | 92 | 98 |
| | | | | | | 98 (66,752) | | |

| Soil Cover | Soil Quality of | | Area (SF) | | | SCS Curve N | SCS Curve No. (AMC III) | |
|-------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|----------------------------|-----|
| Туре | | Cover | Pervious | Imp. | Total | | | |
| Landscape | В | Good | | 0 | | | 56 | 76 |
| Imp. Area | | - | 0 | | | | 98 | 100 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Mixed Cover | В | - | 1,463 | 25,205 | 26,668 | 56 (1,463) | 96 | 99 |
| | | | | | | 98 (25,205) | | |

Table 6 – On-site Post-developed Runoff Index Numbers: Subarea B

Calculation of Runoff Coefficient, C:

The Runoff Coefficient, C can be calculated based on the % impervious and the Runoff Index based on rainfall intensity (see Appendix B) for the pre- and post-developed conditions and are presented below.

Pre-developed condition (Subarea A+B):

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{10}=0.79+((0.81\text{-}0.79)/0.5)^*.0.17)=0.80\\ C_{25}=0.79+((0.81\text{-}0.79)/0.5)^*.0.17)=0.81\\ C_{100}=0.83+(0.84\text{-}0.83)/0.5)^*0.32)=0.84 \end{array}$

Post-developed condition, Subarea A:

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{10} = 0.89 \\ C_{25} = 0.90 \\ C_{100} = 0.90 \end{array}$

Post-developed condition, Subarea B:

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{10} = 0.90 \\ C_{25} = 0.90 \\ C_{100} = 0.90 \end{array}$

Calculation of Flow, Q:

The pre and post-development flow computations were performed and are presented below.

| Table 7 - Runoff Flor | N |
|-----------------------|---|
|-----------------------|---|

| Subarea | Develop- ment Stage | Area, A (Ac) | Storm | | Rainfall Intensity, I (in/hr) | Runoff Coefficient, C | Flow, Q = CIA, (cfs) |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | (Pre/Post) | | Yr | Hr | | | |
| А | Post | 1 70 | 10 | 1 | 2.26 | 0.9 | 3.61 |
| A | | 1.78 | 100 | 1 | 3.65 | 0.90 | 5.83 |
| р | Dect | 0.61 | 10 | | 2.06 | 0.9 | 1.14 |
| В | Post | 0.61 | 100 1 | 3.3 | 0.90 | 1.82 | |
| A+B | Pre | 2.39 | 10 | 101 | 1.67 | 0.80 | 3.19 |
| ATD | FIE | 2.59 | 100 | | 2.82 | 0.84 | 5.66 |

Summary:

For the entire project site, Subarea A+B: Pre-developed $Q_{100} = 5.66$ cfs Pre-developed $Q_{25} = 4.02$ cfs Pre-developed $Q_{10} = 3.19$ cfs For Subarea A: Post-developed $Q_{100} = 5.83$ cfs Post-developed Q_{25} = 4.51 cfs Post-developed $Q_{10} = 3.57$ cfs For Subarea B: Post-developed $Q_{100} = 1.82$ cfs Post-developed Q_{25} = 1.41 cfs Post-developed $Q_{10} = 1.14$ cfs For Subarea A+B: Post-developed $Q_{100} = 7.75$ cfs Post-developed Q_{25} = 5.92 cfs Post-developed $Q_{10} = 3.75$ cfs Delta $Q_{100} = 7.75 - 5.66 = 2.09$ cfs; Delta $Q_{25} = 5.92 - 4.02 = 1.9$ cfs; Delta $Q_{10} = 3.61 - 3.19 = 0.42$ cfs

Results:

This hydrology study indicates that the Q100-yr storm events will produce a runoff of 5.83 cfs for Subarea A and 1.82 cfs for Subarea B respectively and that of and 10-yr storm events will produce a runoff of 3.61 cfs for Subarea A and 1.14 cfs for Subarea B respectively in the post- development stage from the subject site.

The Q25-yr storm events will produce a runoff of 4.51 cfs for Subarea A and 1.41 cfs for Subarea B respectively in the post-development stage from the subject site. Total runoff for 100- yr/25-yr/10-yr storm would be 7.75 cfs/5.92cfs/3.75 cfs respectively.

The differences of flows in 100-yr storm event would be 2.09 cfs or (2.09/5.66*100 =) 37% increase and that of 25-yr would be 1.9 cfs or (1.9/4.02*100=) 47.3% increase and that of 10-yr would be 0.42 cfs or (0.42/3.19*100=) 13.1% increase. The difference in all cases of storm events between the pre-and post-developed conditions are still within the range of moderate increase. Furthermore, the flow pattern would be reversed as opposed to the pre-developed condition and the storm water will be captured in on-site in landscape area where bioretention basins are proposed. Only excess runoff would be allowed to overflow onto street gutters through via parkway culvert. Considering the flow of 25-yr rainfall events, corresponding design storm drain overflow channel of 3' widex 3" deep (metal) for Subarea A and 3-4" PVC (SDR 35) pipe for Subarea B (see Appendix C).

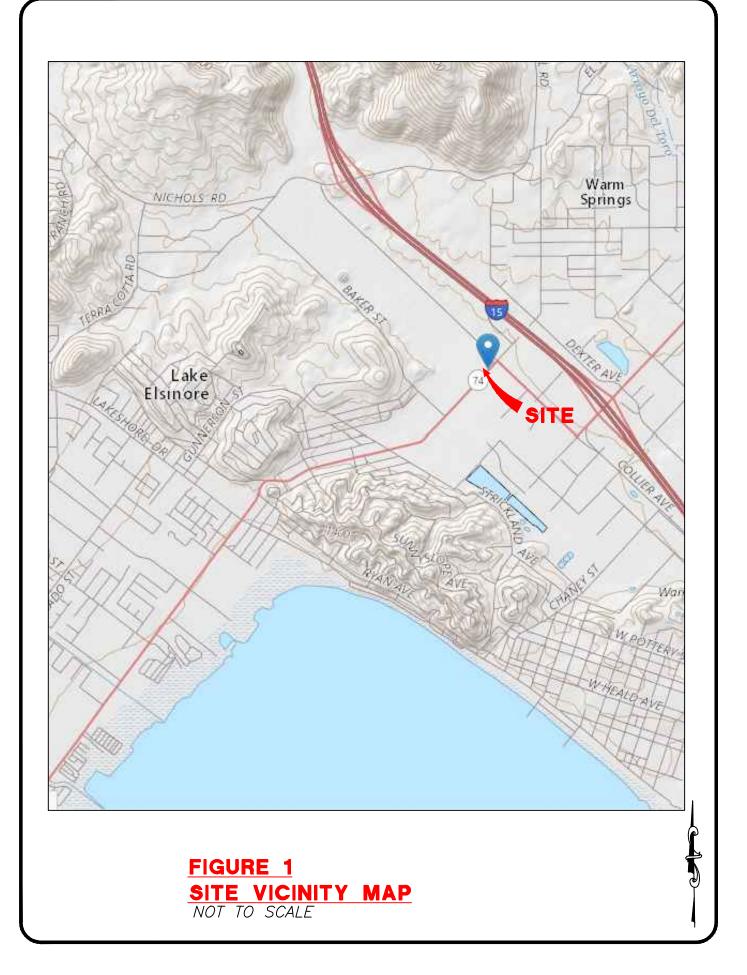
Further analysis was done (see Appendix C) to find out the required minimum pad elevation considering the highest Q at Node 2 which resulted in a channel depth of 0.0782 ft (1") over the entire parking area of Subarea A. Therefore, the proposed minimum pad elevation (1265.33') is okay.

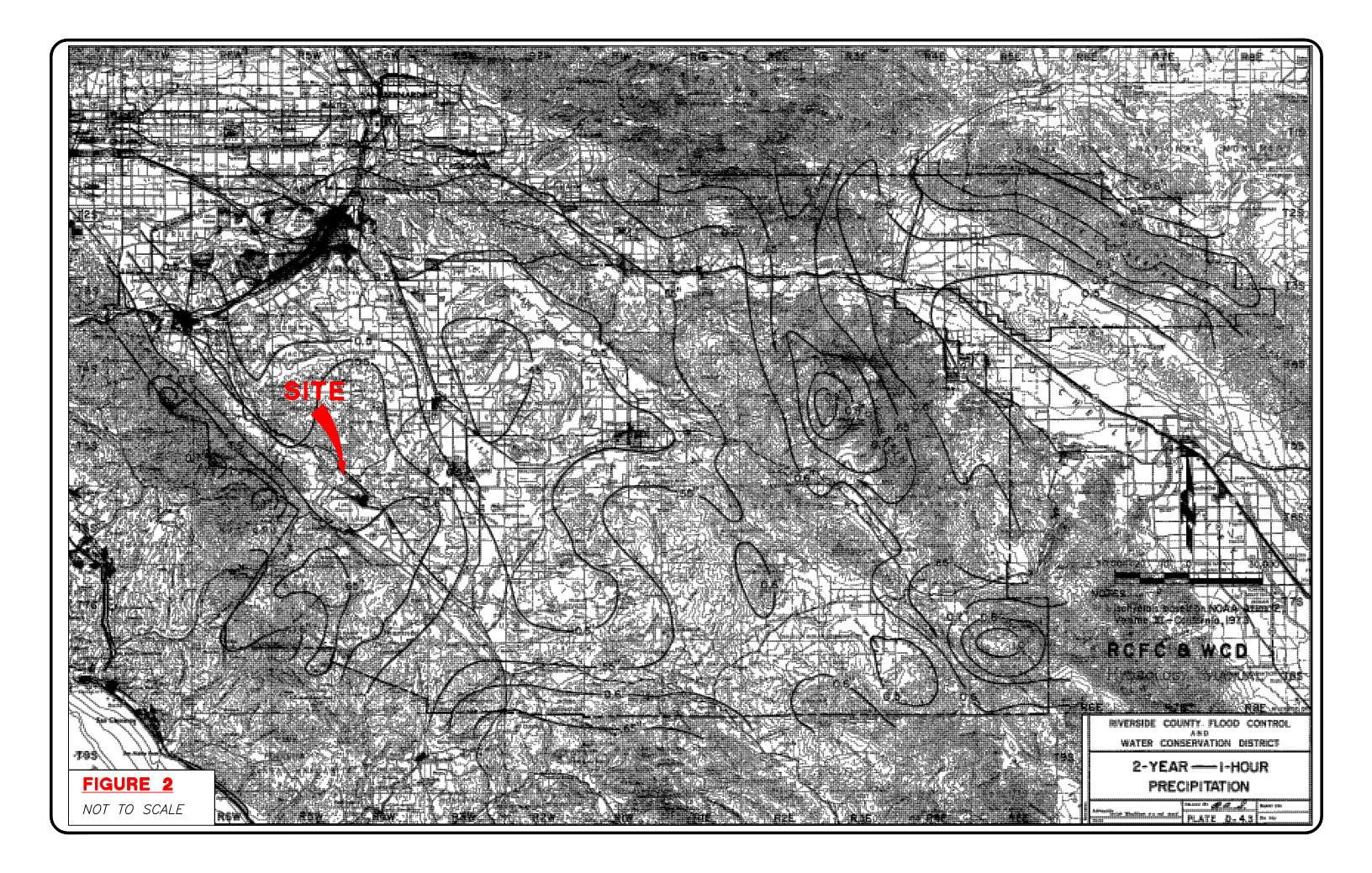
Conclusions:

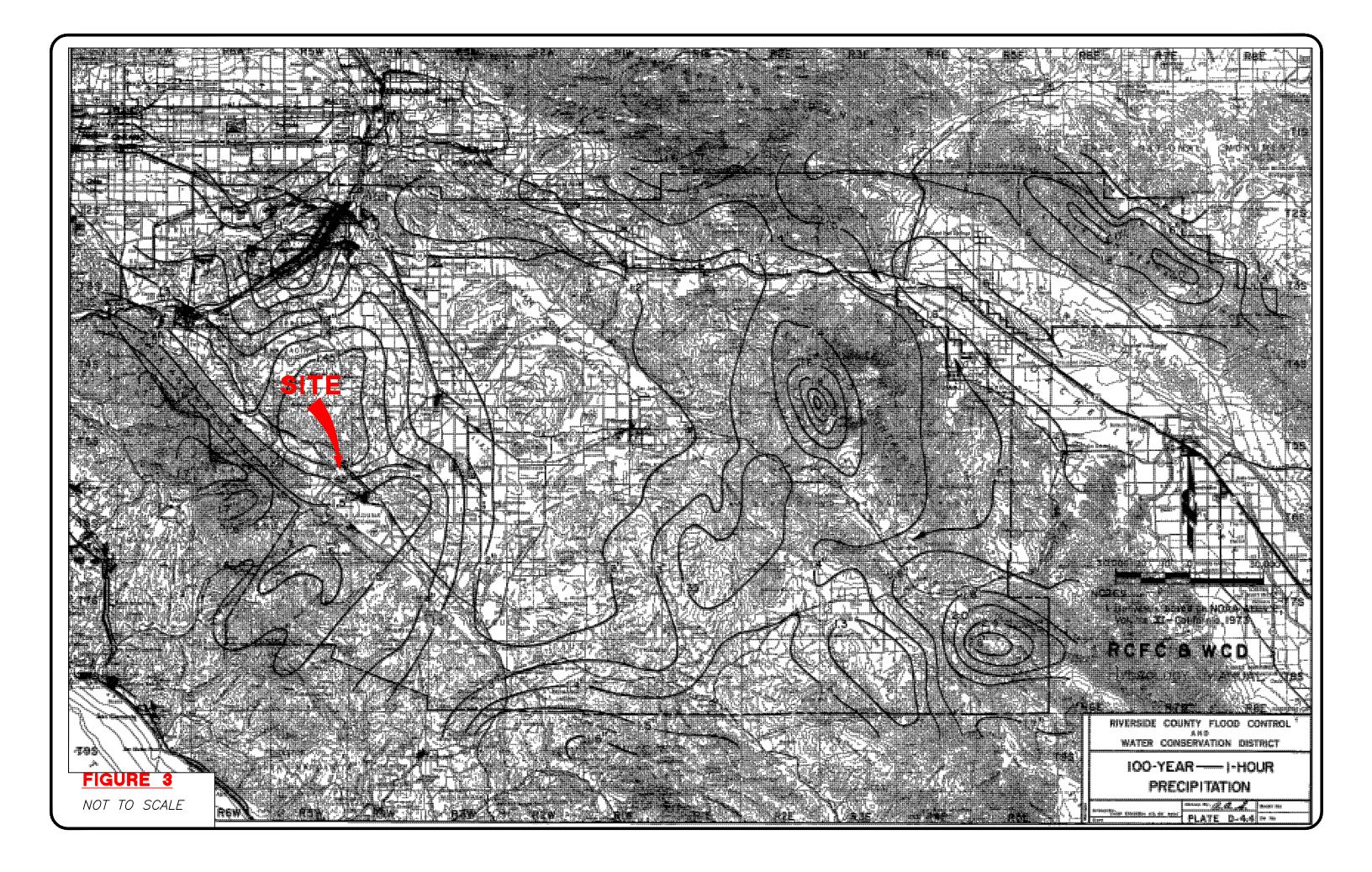
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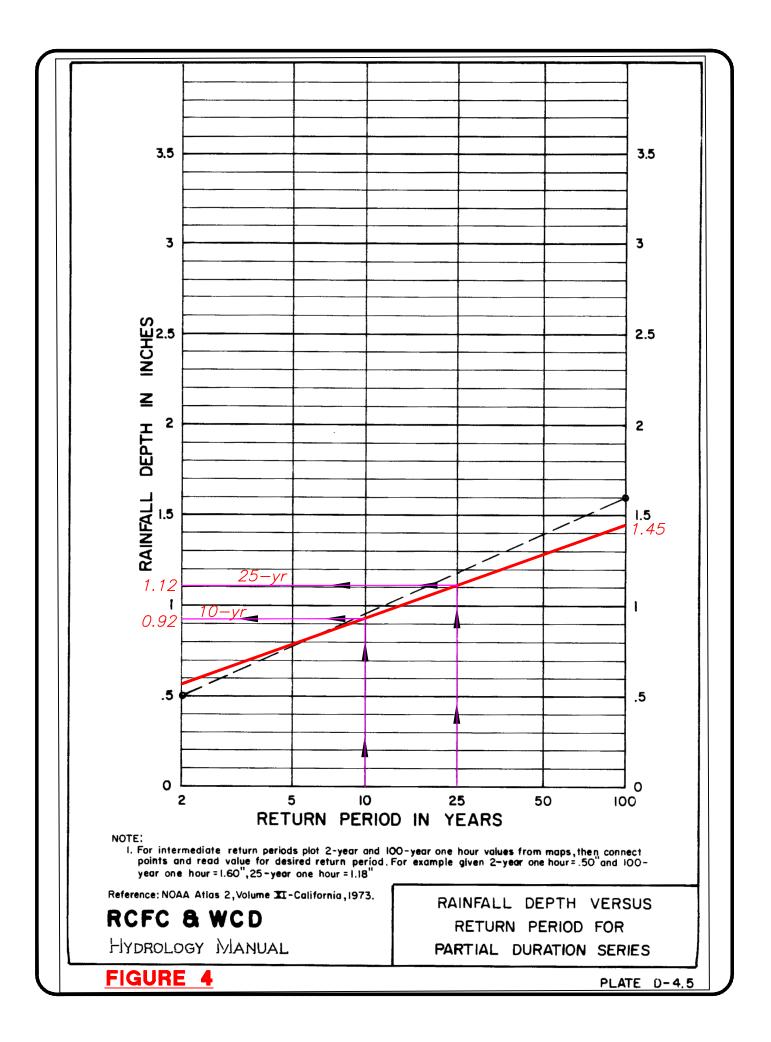
The increase in runoff cause by this development will be mitigated by containing the 100 year runoff within the street r/w. The on-site BMP and storage facilities are adequate to handle the increase runoff

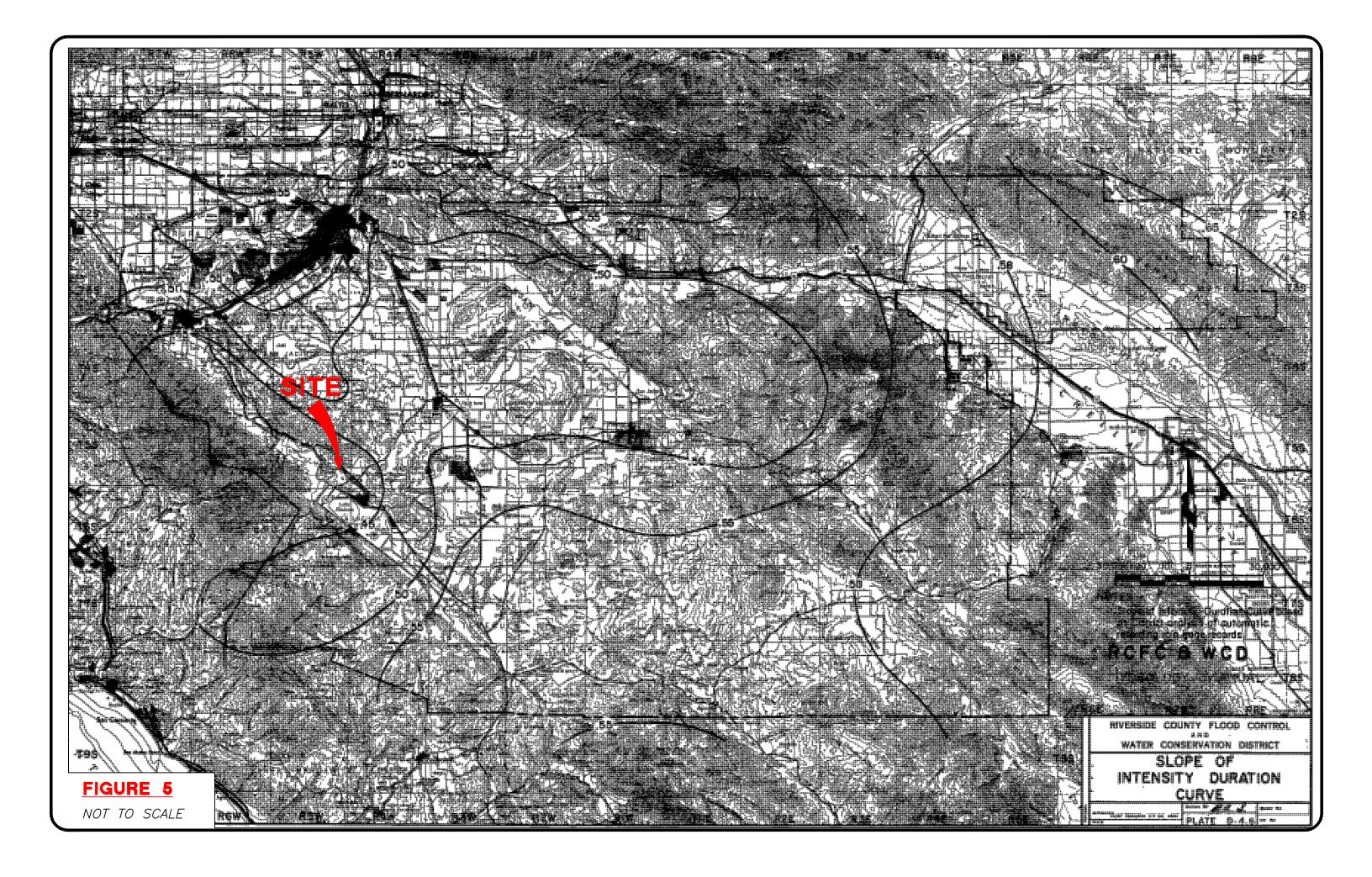
FIGURES

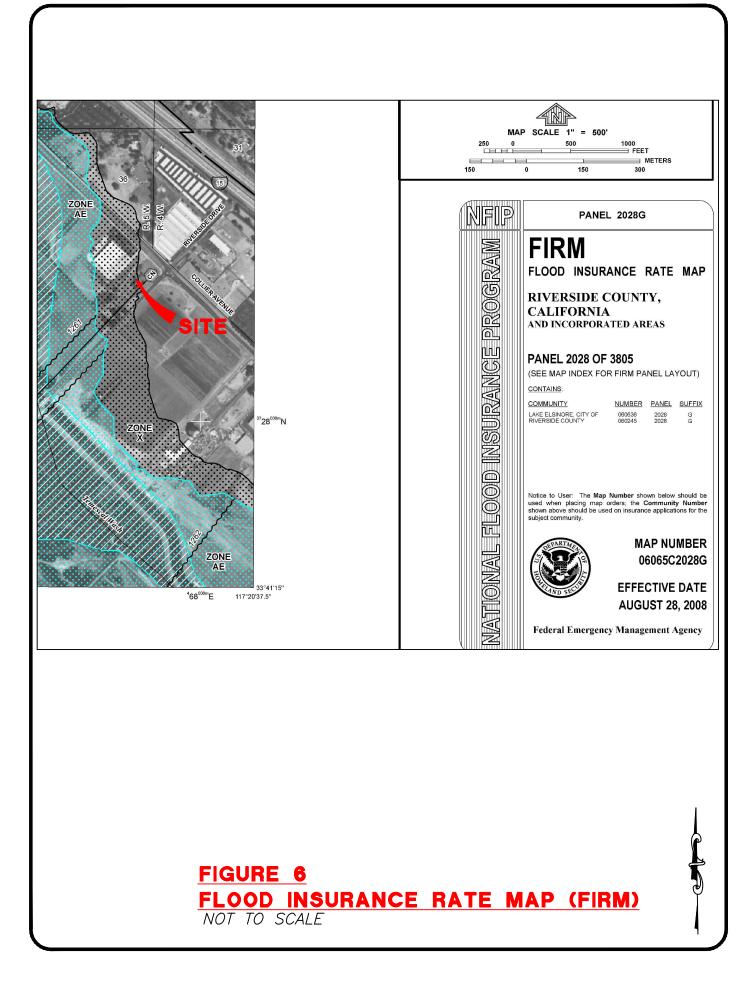


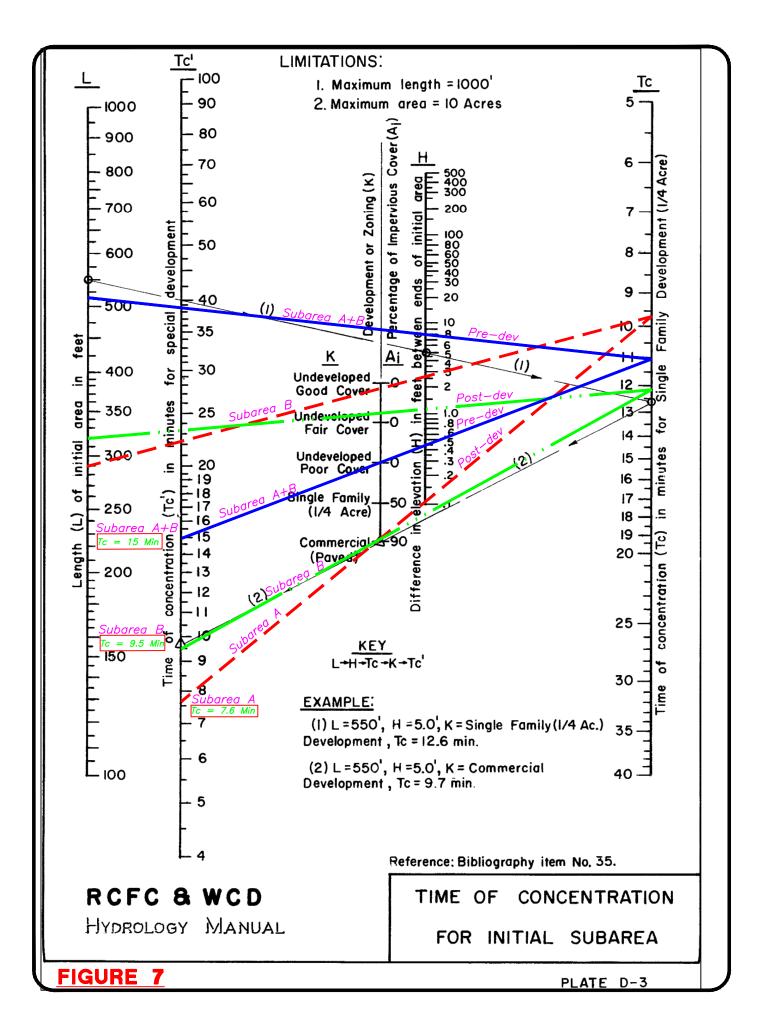


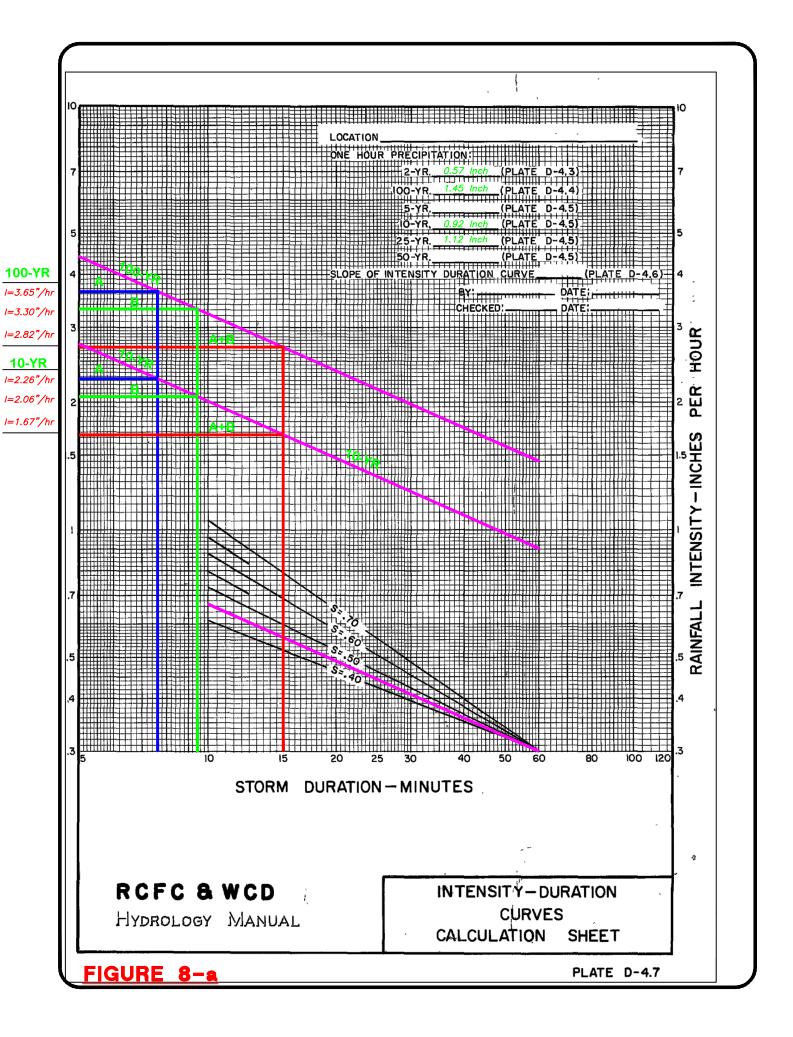


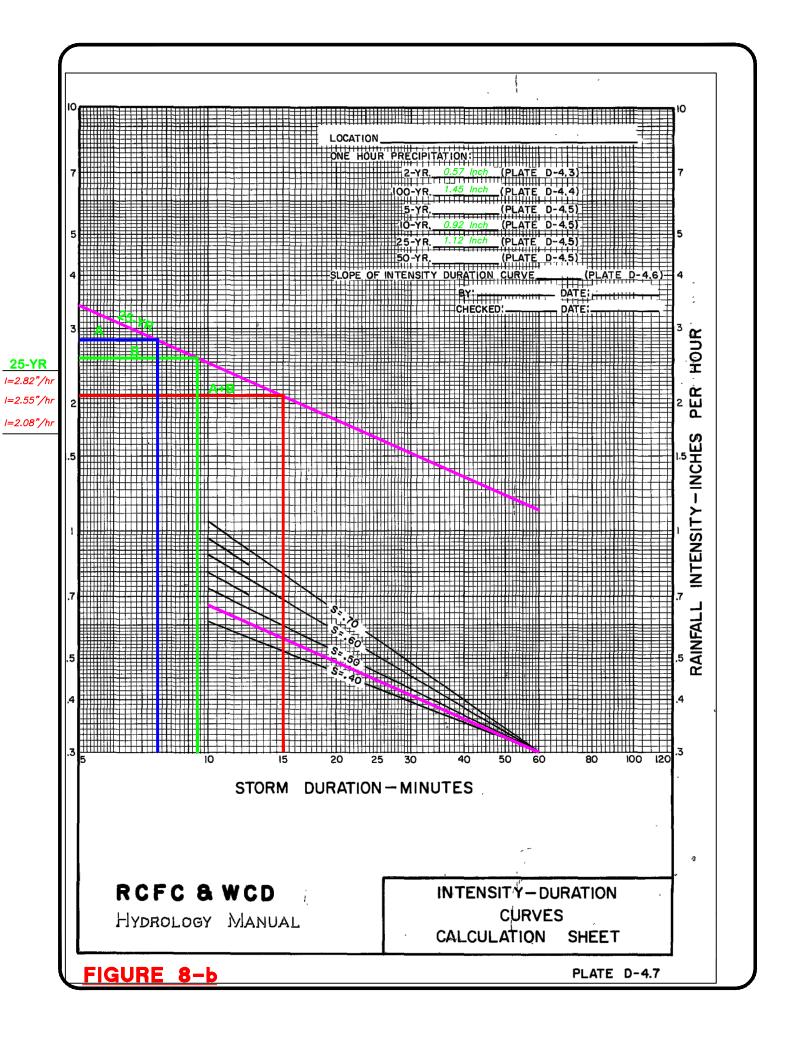


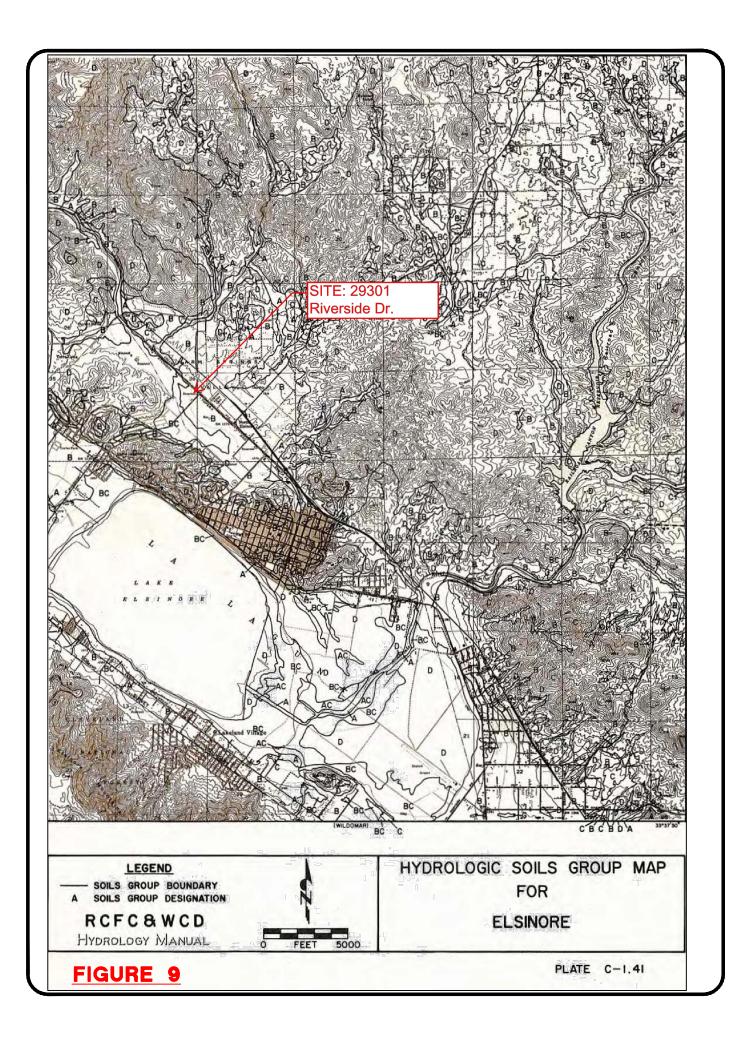


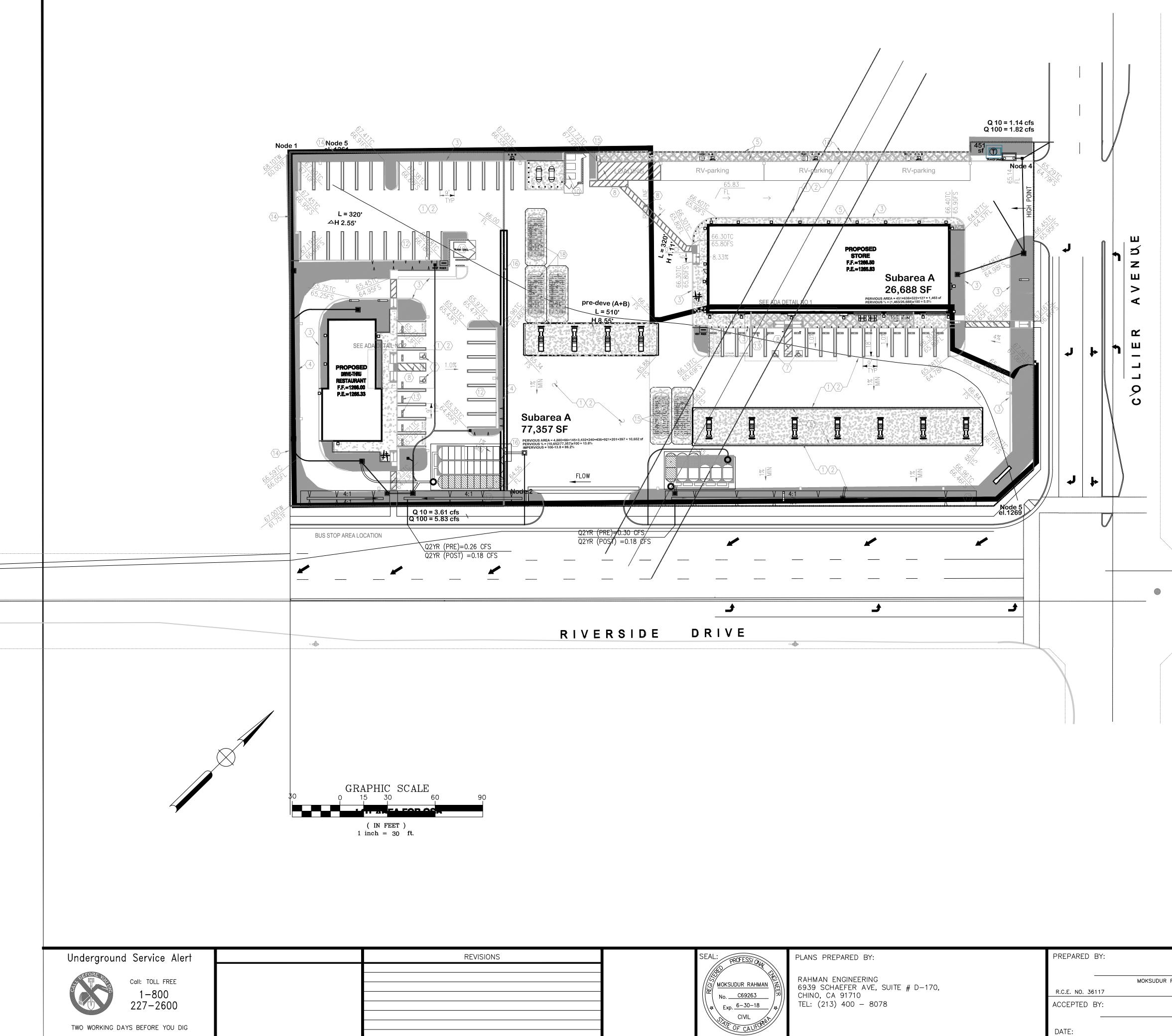




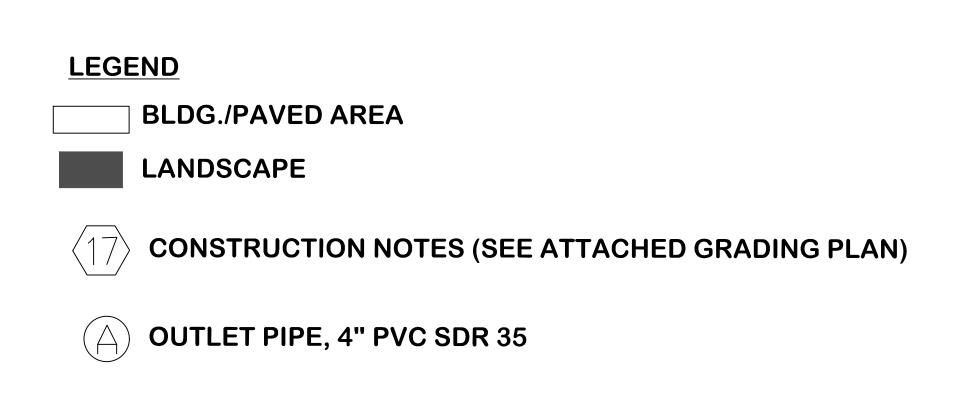


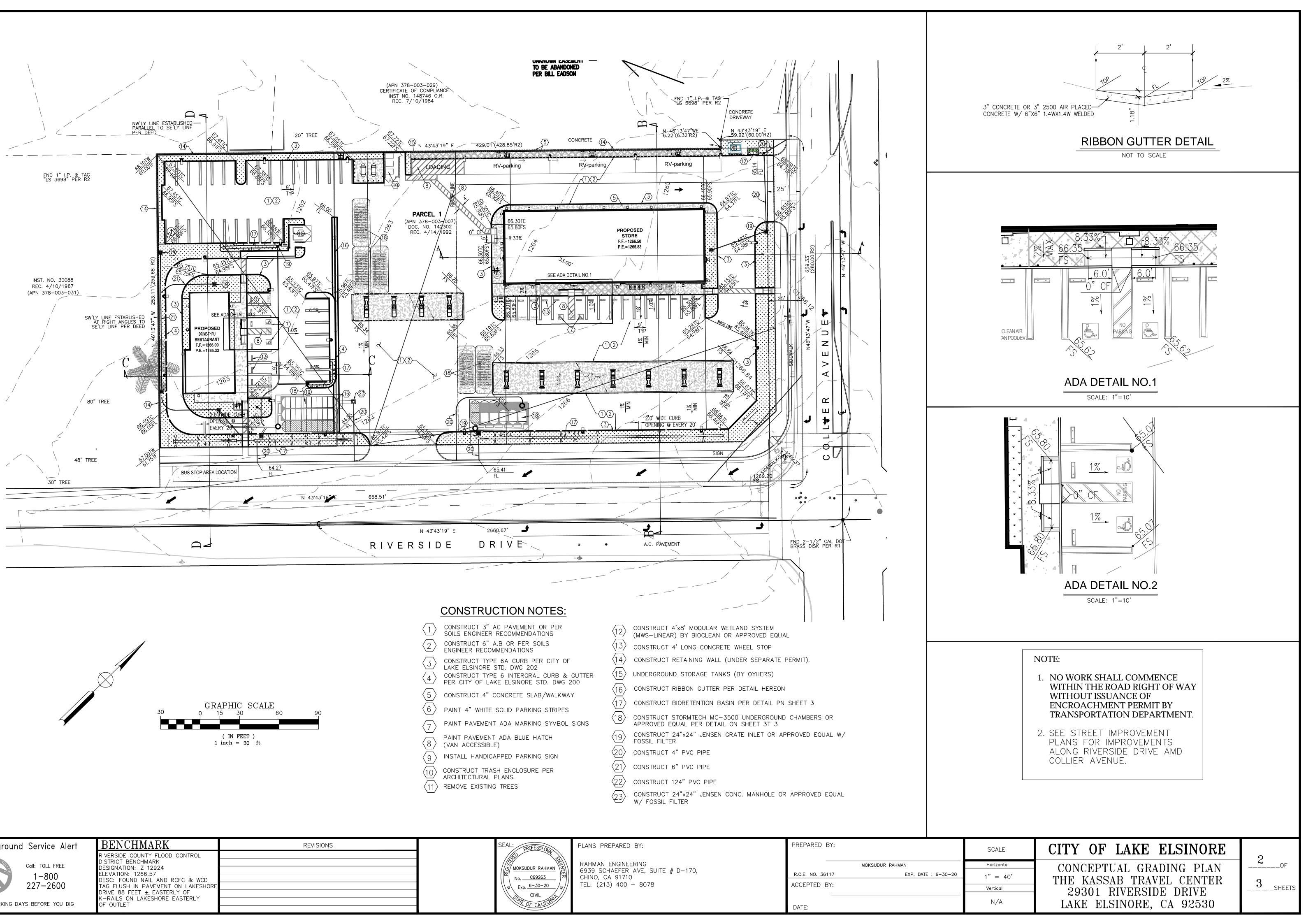


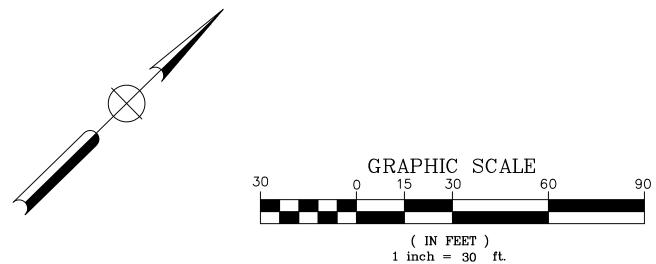




| SEAL: PREPARED BY: SCALE CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE 1 MOKSUDUR RAHMAN MOKSUDUR RAHMAN Horizontal HYDROLOGIC SUBAREAS 1 No. C69263 CHINO, CA 91710 Exp. 6-30-18 1' = 30' THE KASSAB TRAVEL CENTER 1 CIVIL CUVIL CUVIL N/A LAKE ELSINORE, CA 925300 1 1 1 1 | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| DAIL. | $\begin{array}{c} & \underbrace{MOKSUDUR \ RAHMAN}_{No. \ \underline{C69263}} \\ \notin \\ Exp. \ \underline{6-30-18} \\ \end{array} $ | RAHMAN ENGINEERING 6939 SCHAEFER AVE, SUITE # D—170, CHINO, CA 91710 | MOKSUDUR RAHMAN R.C.E. NO. 36117 EXP. DATE : | Horizontal 1″ =30′ Vertical | HYDROLOGIC SUBAREAS THE KASSAB TRAVEL CENTER | 1 |







| Underground Service Alert | BENCHMARK | REVISIONS |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Call: TOLL FREE | RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT BENCHMARK DESIGNATION: Z 12924 ELEVATION: 1266.57 DESC: FOUND NAIL AND RCFC & WCD TAG FLUSH IN PAVEMENT ON LAKESHORE | |
| 1-800 | | |
| | DRIVE 88 FEET <u>+</u> EASTERLY OF K-RAILS ON LAKESHORE EASTERLY | |
| TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG | OF OUTLET | |

| OF CALIFORNIA |
|---------------|
|---------------|

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A-SOIL COVER TYPE

APPENDIX A

| RUNOFF INDEX NUMBERS OF HYDROLOGIC SOIL-COVER COMPLEXES FOR PERVIOUS AREAS-AMC II | | | | | | |
|--|---------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Cover Type (3) | | Quality of | | Soil | Gro | up |
| | | Cover (2) | A | В | С | D |
| NATURAL COVERS - | | | | | | |
| Barren | | | 78 | 86 | 91 | 93 |
| (Rockland, eroded and graded land) | | | /8 | 00 | | 55 |
| Chaparrel, Broadleaf | | Poor | 53 | 70 | 80 | 85 |
| (Manzonita, ceanothus and scrub oak) | | Fair | 40 | 63 | 75 | 81 |
| | | Good | 31 | 57 | 71 | 78 |
| Chaparrel, Narrowleaf | | | 71 | 82 | 88 | 91 |
| (Chamise and redshank) | | Fair | 55 | 72 | 81 | 86 |
| Grass, Annual or Perennial | Poor | 67 | 78 | 86 | 89 | |
| | | Fair | 50 | 69 | 79 | 84 |
| | | G ood | 38 | 61 | 74 | 80 |
| Meadows or Cienegas | Poor | 63 | 77 | 85 | 88 | |
| (Areas with seasonally high water tak principal vegetation is sod forming | | Fair Good | 51 30 | 70 58 | 80 72 | 84 78 |
| | | 0000 | | | | |
| Open Brush (Soft wood shrubs - buckwheat, sage, | etc) | Poor Fair | 62 46 | 76 66 | 84 77 | 88 83 |
| (,,, | | Good | 41 | 63 | 75 | 81 |
| Woodland | | Poor | 45 | 66 | 77 | 83 |
| (Coniferous or broadleaf trees predor | minate. | Fair | 45 36 | 60 60 | 73 | 79 |
| Canopy density is at least 50 percen | nt) | Good | 28 | 55 | 70 | 77 |
| Woodland, Grass | | Poor | 57 | 73 | 82 | 86 |
| (Coniferous or broadleaf trees with a | canopy | Fair | 44 | 65 | 77 | 82 |
| density from 20 to 50 percent) | | Good | 33 | 58 | 72 | 79 |
| URBAN COVERS - | | | | | | |
| Residential or Commercial Landscaping | | Good | 32 | 56 | 69 | 75 |
| (Lawn, shrubs, etc.) | | | | | | |
| Turf | | Poor | 58 | 74 | 83 | 87 |
| (Irrigated and mowed grass) | Fair | 44 | 65 | 77 | 82 | |
| | | Good | 33 | 58 | 72 | 79 |
| AGRICULTURAL COVERS - | | | | | | |
| Fallow | | | 76 | 85 | 90 | 92 |
| (Land plowed but not tilled or seeded | d) | | /0 | | | 52 |
| | | L | L | | ļ | I |
| | | | | | | |
| RCFC & WCD | RUNOFF | INDEX | NU | JMB | ERS | 5 |
| | | FOR | | | | |
| HYDROLOGY MANUAL | PE | ERVIOUS | AR | EA | | |
| | | | | | | |

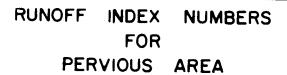
| Quality of Soil Group | | | | au | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cover Type (3) | Cover (2) | - | В | C | D |
| AGRICULTURAL COVERS (cont.) - | | | | | |
| Legumes, Close Seeded (Alfalfa, sweetclover, timothy, etc.) | Poor Good | 66 58 | 77 72 | 85 81 | 89 85 |
| Orchards, Deciduous (Apples, apricots, pears, walnuts, etc.) | | See | Not | e 4 | |
| Orchards, Evergreen (Citrus, avocados, etc.) | Poor Fair Good | | 73 65 58 | 82 77 72 | 86 82 79 |
| Pasture, Dryland (Annual grasses) | Poor Fair Good | 67 50 38 | 78 69 61 | 86 79 74 | 89 84 80 |
| Pasture, Irrigated (Legumes and perennial grass) | Poor Fair Good | 58 44 33 | 74 65 58 | 83 77 72 | 87 82 79 |
| Row Crops (Field crops - tomatoes, sugar beets, etc.) | Poor Good | 72 67 | 81 78 | 88 85 | 91 89 |
| Small Grain (Wheat, oats, barley, etc.) | | 65 63 | 76 75 | 84 83 | 88 87 |
| Vineyard | | See | Note | e 4 | l |

Notes:

- All runoff index (RI) numbers are for Antecedent Moisture Condition (AMC) II.
- 2. Quality of cover definitions:
 - Poor-Heavily grazed or regularly burned areas. Less than 50 percent of the ground surface is protected by plant cover or brush and tree canopy.
 - Fair-Moderate cover with 50 percent to 75 percent of the ground surface protected.
 - Good-Heavy or dense cover with more than 75 percent of the ground surface protected.
- 3. See Plate C-2 for a detailed description of cover types.
- 4. Use runoff index numbers based on ground cover type. See discussion under "Cover Type Descriptions" on Plate C-2.
- 5. Reference Bibliography item 17.



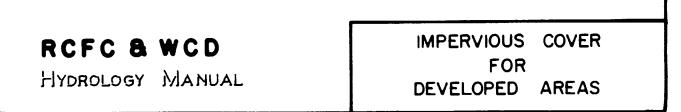
HYDROLOGY MANUAL



| ACTUAL IMPERVIOUS COVER | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Land Use (1) | Range-Percent | Recommended Value For Average Conditions-Percent(2) | | | | |
| Natural or Agriculture | 0 - 10 | 0 | | | | |
| Single Family Residential: (3) | | | | | | |
| 40,000 S. F. (1 Acre) Lots | 10 - 25 | 20 | | | | |
| 20,000 S. F. (¹ , Acre) Lots | 30 - 45 | 40 | | | | |
| 7,200 - 10,000 S. F. Lots | 45 - 55 | 50 | | | | |
| Multiple Family Residential: | | | | | | |
| Condominiums | 45 - 70 | 65 | | | | |
| Apartments | 65 - 90 | 80 | | | | |
| Mobile Home Park | 60 - 85 | 75 | | | | |
| Commercial, Downtown Business or Industrial | 80 -100 | 90 | | | | |

Notes:

- 1. Land use should be based on ultimate development of the watershed. Long range master plans for the County and incorporated cities should be reviewed to insure reasonable land use assumptions.
- 2. Recommended values are based on average conditions which may not apply to a particular study area. The percentage impervious may vary greatly even on comparable sized lots due to differences in dwelling size, improvements, etc. Landscape practices should also be considered as it is common in some areas to use ornamental gravels underlain by impervious plastic materials in place of lawns and shrubs. A field investigation of a study area should always be made, and a review of aerial photos, where available may assist in estimating the percentage of impervious cover in developed areas.
- 3. For typical horse ranch subdivisions increase impervious area 5 percent over the values recommended in the table above.



RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CURVE DATA

The data in the following tables may be used to develop runoff coefficient (C) curves for any combination of runoff index (RI) number and antecedent mositure condition (AMC). For an RI number with an AMC of II (from Plate D-5.5) enter the tables on the following pages and plot the "C" curve data directly on Plate D-5.8. "C" curve data is given for even RI numbers only, but values may easily be interpolated for odd RI numbers.

For an AMC of I or III enter the tabulation on this page with the RI for AMC II, and read the appropriate RI for AMC I or III. Use this revised RI to enter the tables on the following pages to determine "C". For example if RI = 40 for AMC II, then RI = 22 for AMC I and RI = 60 for AMC III.

| RI FOR AMC II | RI FOR OTHER AMC CONDITIONS: AMC I AMC III | | II AMC CONDITIONS: AMC II AMC C | | | AMC CON | R OTHER ONDITIONS: AMC III | | |
|------------------|--|----------|---------------------------------|----------|----|---------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 10 | | 22 | 55 | 35 | 74 | | | | |
| 11 | | 24 | 56 | 36 | 75 | | | | |
| 12 | | 25 | 57 | 37 | 75 | | | | |
| 13 | | 27 | 58 | 38 | 76 | | | | |
| 14 | | 28 | 59 | 39 | 77 | | | | |
| 15 | | 30 | 60 | +0 | 78 | | | | |
| 16 | | 31 | 61 | 41 | 78 | | | | |
| 17 | | 33 | 62 | 42 | 79 | | | | |
| 18 | | 34 | 63 | 43 | 80 | | | | |
| 19 | | 36 | 64 | 44 | 81 | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 20 | | 37 | 65 | 45 | 82 | | | | |
| 21 | 10 | 38 | 66 | 46 | 82 | | | | |
| 22 | 10 | 39 | 67 | 47 | 83 | | | | |
| 23 | 11 | +1 | 68 | 48 | 84 | | | | |
| 24 | 11 | 42 | 69 | 50 | 84 | | | | |
| 25 | 12 | 43 | 70 | 51 | 85 | | | | |
| 26 | 12 | 44 | 71 | 52 | 86 | | | | |
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| 28 | 14 | 47 | 73 | 54 | 87 | | | | |
| 29 | 14 | 49 | 74 | 55 | 88 | | | | |
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| 30 | 15 | 50 | 75 | 57 | 88 | | | | |
| 31 | 16 | 51 | 76 | 58 | 89 | | | | |
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| 33 34 | 17 | 53 | 78 | 60 | 90 | | | | |
| 34 | 18 | 54 | 79 | 62 | 91 | | | | |
| 35 | 18 | 55 | 80 | 63 | 91 | | | | |
| 36 | 19 | 56 | 81 | 64 | 92 | | | | |
| 37 | 20 | 57 | 82 | 66 | 92 | | | | |
| 38 | 21 | 58 | 83 | 67 | 93 | | | | |
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AMC ADJUSTMENT RELATIONSHIPS

RCFC & WCD

HYDROLOGY MANUAL

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CURVE DATA

APPENDIX B-RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

APPENDIX B

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APPENDIX C-DESIGN CALCULATIONS

Subarea A

Hydraulic Analysis Report

Project Data

Project Title: Designer: Project Date: Sunday, December 31, 2017 Project Units: U.S. Customary Units Notes:

Channel Analysis: Channel Analysis

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Rectangular Channel Width: 3.0000 ft Longitudinal Slope: 0.0300 ft/ft Manning's n: 0.0130 Flow: 4.5100 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 0.2253 ft Area of Flow: 0.6758 ft² Wetted Perimeter: 3.4505 ft Hydraulic Radius: 0.1958 ft Average Velocity: 6.6739 ft/s Top Width: 3.0000 ft Froude Number: 2.4780 Critical Depth: 0.4125 ft Critical Velocity: 3.6445 ft/s Critical Slope: 0.0046 ft/ft Critical Top Width: 3.00 ft Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.4217 lb/ft² Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3666 lb/ft²

Subarea B

Hydraulic Analysis Report

Project Data

Project Title: Designer: Project Date: Tuesday, January 02, 2018 Project Units: U.S. Customary Units Notes:

Channel Analysis: Channel Analysis

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular Pipe Diameter: 0.3300 ft Longitudinal Slope: 0.0500 ft/ft Manning's n: 0.0090 Flow: 0.5000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 0.2306 ft Area of Flow: 0.0638 ft^2 Wetted Perimeter: 0.6534 ft Hydraulic Radius: 0.0977 ft Average Velocity: 7.8319 ft/s Top Width: 0.3028 ft Froude Number: 3.0057 Critical Depth: 0.3251 ft Critical Velocity: 5.8639 ft/s Critical Slope: 0.0317 ft/ft Critical Top Width: 0.08 ft Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.7196 lb/ft^2 Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3049 lb/ft^2