A.1 PDP WQTR

CITY OF SOLANA BEACH

PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT (PDP)
WATER QUALITY TECHNICAL REPORT (WQTR)
FOR

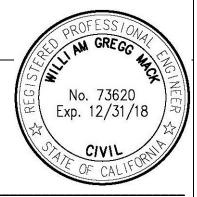
RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY
[INSERT PERMIT APPLICATION NUMBERS]

959 GENEVIEVE STREET SOLANA BEACH, CA 92075

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S):

298-390-51

ENGINEER OF WORK:



Mla Mark

10/3/17

WILLIAM G. MACK,

PE #73620

EXP. 12/31/18

PREPARED FOR:
PACIFIC SOUND INVESTORS, LLC
1855 FREDA LANE
CARDIFF, CA 92007

PDP WQTR PREPARED BY:
PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES
535 N. HIGHWAY 101, SUITE A
SOLANA BEACH, CA 92075
858.259.8212

DATE OF WQTR: September 25, 2017

PLANS PREPARED BY:
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ACRONYMS

APN Assessor's Parcel Number
BMP Best Management Practice

HMP Hydromodification Management Plan

HSG Hydrologic Soil Group

MS4 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

N/A Not Applicable

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

PDP Priority Development Project

PE Professional Engineer

SC Source Control SD Site Design

SDRWQCB San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board

SIC Standard Industrial Classification WQTR Water Quality Technical Report

PDP WQTR PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION PAGE

Project Name: [Insert Project Name]

1 11.

Permit Application Number: [Insert Permit Application Number]

PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby declare that I am the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water best management practices (BMPs) for this project, and that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the BMPs as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with the PDP requirements of the City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual, which is a design manual for compliance with the City of Solana Beach and the MS4 Permit (California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2015-0100) requirements for storm water management.

I have read and understand that the City Engineer has adopted minimum requirements for managing urban runoff, including storm water, from land development activities, as described in the BMP Design Manual. I certify that this PDP WQTR has been completed to the best of my ability and accurately reflects the project being proposed and the applicable BMPs proposed to minimize the potentially negative impacts of this project's land development activities on water quality. I understand and acknowledge that the plan check review of this PDP WQTR by the City Engineer is confined to a review and does not relieve me, as the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, of my responsibilities for project design.

Mla Chark	10/3/17
Engineer of Work's Signature, PE Number & Exp	iration Date
WILLIAM G. MACK	PROFESS/ON
Print Name	No. 73620
PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES	Exp. 12/31/18
Company	SATE OF CALLED
09/25/17	OF CALL
Date	

Engineer's Seal:

PDP WQTR PROJECT OWNER'S CERTIFICATION PAGE

Project Name: RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

Permit Application Number: [Insert Permit Application Number]

PROJECT OWNER'S CERTIFICATION

This PDP WQTR has been prepared for <u>Pacific Sound Investments</u>, <u>LLC</u> by <u>Pasco Laret Suiter & Associates</u>. The PDP WQTR is intended to comply with the PDP requirements of the City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual, which is a design manual for compliance with the City of Solana Beach and the MS4 Permit (California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2015-0100) requirements for storm water management.

The undersigned, while it owns the subject property, is responsible for the implementation of the provisions of this plan. Once the undersigned transfers its interests in the property, its successor-in-interest shall bear the aforementioned responsibility to implement the best management practices (BMPs) described within this plan, including ensuring on-going operation and maintenance of structural BMPs. A signed copy of this document shall be available on the subject property into perpetuity.

Project Owner's Signature
Print Name
PACIFIC SOUND INVESTMENTS, LLC
Company
Date

SUBMITTAL RECORD

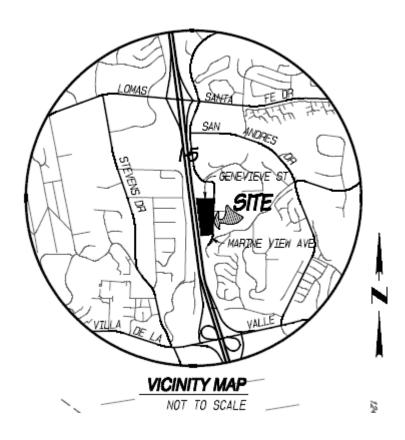
Use this Table to keep a record of submittals of this PDP WQTR. Each time the PDP WQTR is resubmitted, provide the date and status of the project. In column 4 summarize the changes that have been made or indicate if response to plancheck comments is included. When applicable, insert response to plancheck comments behind this page.

Submittal Number	Date	Project Status	Summary of Changes
1	09/25/2017	XPreliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA	Initial Submittal
		☐ Final Design	
2		☐ Preliminary Design /	
		Planning/ CEQA	
		☐ Final Design	
3		☐ Preliminary Design /	
		Planning/ CEQA	
		☐ Final Design	
4		☐ Preliminary Design /	
		Planning/ CEQA	
		☐ Final Design	

PROJECT VICINITY MAP

Project Name: RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

Permit Application Number: [Insert Permit Application Number]



Form 1 (PDPs) **Site Information Checklist** City of Solana Beach BMP For PDPs Design Manual **Project Summary Information:** Project Name: RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY **Project Address:** 959 Genevieve Street Solana Beach, CA 92075 Assessor's Parcel Number(s) (APN(s)) 298-390-51 Permit Application Number Project Hydrologic Unit Select One: XSan Dieguito (HA Solana Beach, HSA Rancho Santa Fe) 905.11 ☐ Los Peñasquitos (HA Escondido Creek, HAS San Elijo) 904.61 **Project Watershed** San Dieguito River, Solana Beach, (Complete Hydrologic Unit, Area, and Rancho Santa Fe, 905.11 Subarea Name with Numeric Identifier) Parcel Area (total area of Assessor's Parcel(s) associated 2.91 Acres (126,881 Square Feet) with the project) Area to be Disturbed by the Project (Project Area) 2.57 Acres (111949.2 Square Feet) Project Proposed Impervious Area (subset of Project Area) 1.51 _ Acres (<u>66,206</u> Square Feet) **Project Proposed Pervious Area** (subset of Project Area) 1.05 Acres (45,743 Square Feet) Note: Proposed Impervious Area + Proposed Pervious Area = Area to be Disturbed by the Project. This may be less than the Parcel Area.

Form 1	
Description of Existing Site Condition	
Current Status of the Site (select all that apply):	
${ m X}$ Existing development	
☐ Previously graded but not built out	
☐ Demolition completed without new construction	
☐ Agricultural or other non-impervious use	
${ m X}$ Vacant, undeveloped/natural	
Description / Additional Information:	
The site exists as primarily undisturbed natural ground with an existing residential dwelling.	
Existing Land Cover Includes (select all that apply):	
XVegetative Cover	
□ Non-Vegetated Pervious Areas	
XImpervious Areas	
Description / Additional Information:	
The site is covered with native light vegetation similar to pasture land. The existing impervious	
area includes the roof area of the existing dwelling.	
Underlying Soil belongs to Hydrologic Soil Group (select all that apply):	
onderlying son belongs to rivarologic son Group (select an that apply).	
□ NRCS Type A	
XNRCS Type B	
□ NRCS Type C	
□ NRCS Type D	
Approximate Depth to Groundwater (GW):	
□ GW Depth < 5 feet	
□ 5 feet < GW Depth < 10 feet	
□ 10 feet < GW Depth < 20 feet	
XGW Depth > 20 feet	
Farms 1	

Existing Natural Hydrologic Features (select all that apply):
☐ Watercourses ☐ Seeps
□ Springs
□ Wetlands
XNone
Description / Additional Information:
The site conveys offsite run-on through the project area
Description of Existing Site Drainage Patterns

How is storm water runoff conveyed from the site? At a minimum, this description should answer:

- (1) whether existing drainage conveyance is natural or urban;
- (2) Is runoff from offsite conveyed through the site? if yes, quantify all offsite drainage areas, design flows, and locations where offsite flows enter the project site, and summarize how such flows are conveyed through the site;
- (3)Provide details regarding existing project site drainage conveyance network, including any existing storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural or constructed channels; and
- (4) Identify all discharge locations from the existing project site along with a summary of conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide summary of the pre-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the existing runoff discharge locations.

Describe existing site drainage patterns:

The existing drainage is natural. The site is moderately sloped and sheet flows storm water in a north westerly direction across the site toward the Interstate 5 Right of Way where it is collected and conveyed in a drainage channel along the Interstate 5 freeway south until it reaches the San Dieguito River. The site is primarily un-developed with one existing residential building which makes up the total impervious area. The peak storm water runoff Q for a 100 year event is calculated using rational method (Q=CiA) which resulted a 5.8 CFS peak discharge.

Form 1 **Description of Proposed Site Development** Project Description / Proposed Land Use and/or Activities: The project proposes a residential care facility. List/describe proposed impervious features of the project (e.g., buildings, roadways, parking lots, courtyards, athletic courts, other impervious features): The proposed impervious areas include buildings, parking lot areas and typical improvements associated with the development of a Residential Care Facility. List/describe proposed pervious features of the project (e.g., landscape areas): The proposed pervious areas include undisturbed slope areas, proposed landscape areas, pervious pavement and biofiltration basins for storm water treatment. Form 1

Does the project include grading and changes to site topography?
XYes □ No
Description / Additional Information:
The project proposes grading the site to accommodate the site plan for the residential care facility. The drainage characteristics of the existing condition will be maintained.

Form 1

Description of Proposed Site Drainage Patterns

Does the project include changes to site drainage (e.g., installation of new storm water conveyance systems)?

XYes

 \square No

If yes, provide details regarding the proposed project site drainage conveyance network, including storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural or constructed channels, and the method for conveying offsite flows through or around the proposed project site. Identify all discharge locations from the proposed project site along with a summary of the conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide a summary of pre- and post-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the runoff discharge locations. Reference the drainage study for detailed calculations.

Describe proposed site drainage patterns::

The site has been designed to convey on-site storm water to biofiltration basins via a private storm drain network. The design incorporates LID features that allow runoff to be directed towards pervious areas before it is collected and conveyed to the biofiltration basins. The biofiltration basins will treat for water quality and detain post development flows to mitigate for hydromodification management criteria. The biofiltration basins will then discharge to the Cal Trans Right-of-Way in the same manner as the existing condition. The offsite run on will be conveyed through the site via a separate storm drain network that will bypass the proposed improvements while allowing the water to continue downstream in the same manner as the existing condition. The peak post-project runoff flow was calculated to be 5.75 cfs using AES rational method software which included the detention provided by the biofiltration basins. See the drainage study for the Residential Care Facility for a more detailed analysis of the peak runoff values.

Form 1

Identify whether any of the following features, activities, and/or pollutant source areas will be present (select all that apply):
X On-site storm drain inlets Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps Interior parking garages Need for future indoor & structural pest control X Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features Food service Refuse areas Industrial processes Outdoor storage of equipment or materials Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance Fuel Dispensing Areas Loading Docks X Fire Sprinkler Test Water Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water X Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots
Description / Additional Information:

Form 1

Identification and Narrative of Receiving Water and Pollutants of Concern

Describe flow path of storm water from the project site discharge location(s), through urban storm conveyance systems as applicable, to receiving creeks, rivers, and lagoons as applicable, and ultimate discharge to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable):

The project sheet flows drainage in a north westerly direction towards the Cal Trans Right of Way of Interstate 5. It is then conveyed south via a public storm drain system where is discharges to the San Dieguito Lagoon before ultimately discharging to the Pacific Ocean.

List any 303(d) impaired water bodies within the path of storm water from the project site to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable), identify the pollutant(s)/stressor(s) causing impairment, and identify any TMDLs and/or Highest Priority Pollutants from the WQIP for the impaired water bodies:

303(d) Impaired Water Body	Pollutant(s)/Stressor(s)	TMDLs / WQIP Highest Priority Pollutant
San Dieguito River		Total Coliform, Enterococcus, Fecal Coliform, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Total Dissolved Solids & Toxicity

Identification of Project Site Pollutants*

*Identification of project site pollutants is only required if flow-through treatment BMPs are implemented onsite in lieu of retention or biofiltration BMPs (note the project must also participate in an alternative compliance program unless prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements is demonstrated)

Identify pollutants expected from the project site based on all proposed use(s) of the site (see BMP Design Manual Appendix B.6):

	Form 1		
Pollutant	Not Applicable to the Project Site	Expected from the Project Site	Also a Receiving Water Pollutant of Concern
Sediment			N/A
Nutrients			N/A
Heavy Metals			N/A
Organic Compounds			N/A
Trash & Debris			N/A
Oxygen Demanding Substances			N/A
Oil & Grease			N/A
Bacteria & Viruses			N/A
Pesticides			N/A

Form 1
Hydromodification Management Requirements
Do hydromodification management requirements apply (see Section 1.6 of the BMP Design Manual)?
 XYes, hydromodification management flow control structural BMPs required. □ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to existing underground storm drains discharging directly to an exempt receiving water such as the Pacific Ocean, and exempt river reach, or a tidally-influenced area. □ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to conveyance channels whose bed and bank are concrete-lined all the way from the point of discharge to the Pacific Ocean, a tidally-influenced area, or an exempt river reach. □ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to an area identified as appropriate for an exemption by the WMAA for the watershed in which the project resides.
Description / Additional Information (to be provided if a 'No' answer has been selected above):

Form 1

Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas*

*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply
Based on the maps provided within the WMAA, do potential critical coarse sediment yield areas exist within the project drainage boundaries?
\square Yes $ ot\! \Sigma$ No, No critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected based on WMAA maps
If yes, have any of the optional analyses presented in Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual been performed?
 6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units (GLUs) Onsite 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite No optional analyses performed, the project will avoid critical coarse sediment yield areas identified based on WMAA maps
If optional analyses were performed, what is the final result?
 No critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected based on verification of GLUs onsite □ Critical coarse sediment yield areas exist but additional analysis has determined that protection is not required. Documentation attached in Attachment 2.b of the WQTR. □ Critical coarse sediment yield areas exist and require protection. The project will implement management measures described in Sections 6.2.4 and 6.2.5 as applicable, and the areas are identified on the WQTR Exhibit.
Discussion / Additional Information:

Form 1

Flow Control for Post-Project Runoff*

*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply

List and describe point(s) of compliance (POCs) for flow control for hydromodification management (see Section 6.3.1). For each POC, provide a POC identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit and a receiving channel identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit.

The project has one point of compliance (POC-1) which is located at the most north westerly edge

Form 1				
Other Site Requirements and Constraints				
When applicable, list other site requirements or constraints that will influence storm water management design, such as zoning requirements including setbacks and open space, or local codes governing minimum street width, sidewalk construction, allowable pavement types, and drainage requirements.				

Form 1			
Optional Additional Information or Continuation of Previous Sections As Needed			
This space provided for additional information or continuation of information from previous sections as needed.			

Source Control BMP Check for All Development Proj	octs	ity of Solar MP Design	na Beach	
Project Identification				
Project Name: Residential Care Facility				
Permit Application Number:				
Source Control BMPs				
All development projects must implement source control BM	Ps SC-1 t	through SO	C-6 where	
applicable and feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the BMP	Design Ma	anual for in	formation	
to implement source control BMPs shown in this checklist.				
Answer each category below pursuant to the following.				
 "Yes" means the project will implement the source control BMP as described in Chapter 4 and/or Appendix E of the City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justification is not required. "No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is not feasible to implement. Discussion / justification must be provided. "N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site because the project does not include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project has no outdoor materials storage areas). Discussion / justification may be provided. 				
Source Control Requirement	Ī	Applied?	ı	
SC-1 Prevention of Illicit Discharges into the MS4 XYes No No				
	XYes	□No	□ N/A	
SC-1 Prevention of Illicit Discharges into the MS4 Discussion / justification if SC-1 not implemented:	XYes	□No	□ N/A	
	XYes	□ No	□ N/A	

Form 2			
Source Control Requirement	Applied?		
SC-3 Protect Outdoor Materials Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run- On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal	XYes	□No	□N/A
Discussion / justification if SC-3 not implemented:			
SC-4 Protect Materials Stored in Outdoor Work Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal	XYes	□No	□ N/A
SC-5 Protect Trash Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal	XYes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SC-5 not implemented:			

Form 2			
Source Control Requirement	Applied?		
SC-6 Additional BMPs Based on Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants (must answer for each source listed below) On-site storm drain inlets	XYes	□No	□N/A
 □ Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps □ Interior parking garages □ Need for future indoor & structural pest control 	□ Yes □ Yes XYes XYes	□ No □ No □ No □ No	XN/A XN/A □N/A
 □ Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use □ Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features □ Food service 	□ Yes □ □ Yes	□ No □ □ No	XN/A XN/A
□ Refuse areas □ Industrial processes □ Outdoor storage of equipment or materials □ Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning □ Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance □ Fuel Dispensing Areas □ Loading Docks	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No □ No □ No □ No	N/A N/A N/A N/A
	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No □ No □ No	XN/A XN/A XN/A
☐ Fire Sprinkler Test Water ☐ Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water ☐ Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots	X Yes X Yes	□ No □ No □ No	□ N/A □ N/A □ N/A
Discussion / justification if SC-6 not implemented. Clearly ide pollutants are discussed. Justification must be provided for all "No			

Site Design/LID BMP Chec for All Development Proj		Form 3 (City of Solar BMP Design	na Beach	
Project Identification				
Project Name: Residential Care Facility				
Permit Application Number:				
Site Design/LID BMPs				
All development projects must implement site design/LID BMPs SD-1 through SD-8 where applicable and feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual for information to implement site design BMPs shown in this checklist.				
Answer each category below pursuant to the following.				
 "Yes" means the project will implement the site design/LID BMP as described in Chapter 4 and/or Appendix E of the City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justification is not required. "No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is not feasible to implement. Discussion / justification must be provided. "N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site because the project does not include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project site has no existing natural areas to conserve). Discussion / justification may be provided. 				
Site Design Requirement Applied?			?	
SD-1 Maintain Natural Drainage Pathways and Hydrologic Features	XYes	S □ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-1 not implemented:				
SD-2 Conserve Natural Areas, Soils, and Vegetation	X Yes	S □ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-2 not implemented:				

Form 3			
Source Control Requirement		Applied	?
SD-3 Minimize Impervious Area	XYes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-3 not implemented:	1		
SD-4 Minimize Soil Compaction	XYes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-4 not implemented:	•	1	•
SD-5 Impervious Area Dispersion	XYes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-5 not implemented:			<u> </u>
	XYes	□No	□ N/A
SD-6 Runoff Collection	<u>A</u> 163		□ IV/A
Discussion / justification if SD-6 not implemented:	·	•	
CD 7 Landagaring with Native on Duswaht Talayant Coasias	XYes	□No	□ N/A
SD-7 Landscaping with Native or Drought Tolerant Species			,
Discussion / justification if SD-7 not implemented:			
SD-8 Harvesting and Using Precipitation	□Yes	XNo	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-8 not implemented:			L
Harvest & Use is not feasible			

Summary of PDP Structural BMPs	Form 4 (PDPs) City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual			
Project Identification				
Project Name: Residential Care Facility				
Permit Application Number:				
PDP Structural BMPs				

All PDPs must implement structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control (see Chapter 5 of the BMP Design Manual). Selection of PDP structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control must be based on the selection process described in Chapter 5. PDPs subject to hydromodification management requirements must also implement structural BMPs for flow control for hydromodification management (see Chapter 6 of the BMP Design Manual). Both storm water pollutant control and flow control for hydromodification management can be achieved within the same structural BMP(s).

PDP structural BMPs must be verified by the local jurisdiction at the completion of construction. This may include requiring the project owner or project owner's representative and engineer of record to certify construction of the structural BMPs (see Section 1.12 of the BMP Design Manual). PDP structural BMPs must be maintained into perpetuity, and the local jurisdiction must confirm the maintenance (see Section 7 of the BMP Design Manual).

Use this form to provide narrative description of the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the project site in the box below. Then complete the PDP structural BMP summary information sheet (page 3 of this form) for each structural BMP within the project (copy the BMP summary information page as many times as needed to provide summary information for each individual structural BMP).

Form 4

Describe the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the site. This information must describe how the steps for selecting and designing storm water pollutant control BMPs presented in Section 5.1 of the BMP Design Manual were followed, and the results (type of BMPs selected). For projects requiring hydromodification flow control BMPs, indicate whether pollutant control and flow control BMPs are integrated or separate.

The overall strategy was to minimze impervious area where feasible and direct all storm water runoff to biofiltration planter areas. Per Form 5 the water use produced by the site is less the 0.25 DCV, therefore harvest and use is considered to be infeasible. The existing soil will partially infiltrate and therefore the next highest priority treatment facility is biofiltration which has been selected to treat the required design capture volume (DCV). The project is broken up into 8 drainage management areas that are tributary to 8 partial retention biofiltraton planter areas. The planter areas have been sized to treat the tributary DCV and provide flow control to meet hydromodification management The combined treatment and flow control planters meet the BMP Design Manual requirements by providing above the minimum footprint requirements for treatment and each planter bmp is flow control using an orifice plate within the outlet structures to reduce the peak discharge rates. EPA SWMM continuous simmulation was used to determine the required orifice diameter. Each individual DMA tributary to their respective BMP was modeled in parallel to the POC. The model results shows that BMP's 1, 2, & 5 require a 0.33" orifice, BMP 3 requires a 0.40" orifice, BMP 4 requires a 0.55" orifice and BMPs 6 through 8 requires a 0.30" orifice that will achieve the required post-project flow durations, therefore each basin will include an orifice plate with the specified orifice diameter for flow control of the smaller events. The large events will overtop the on-site storm drain inlets and continue to drain off the site in the same manner as the existing condition without an increase of peak discharge because the overall impervious area is decreasing and the biofiltration planters provide additional detention.

(Continue on next page as necessary.)

Form 4		
(Page reserved for continuation of description of general strategy for structural BMP		
implementation at the site)		
Continued from page 1)		

Form 4 (Copy as many as needed) Structural RMP Summary Information

Structural Bivin Summary information		
(Copy this page as needed to provide information for each individual proposed structural		
BMP)		
Structural BMP ID No. BMP # 1 through 8		
Construction Plan Sheet No. Sheet 1		
Type of structural BMP:		
☐ Retention by harvest and use (HU-1)		
\square Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1)		
\square Retention by bioretention (INF-2)		
☐ Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3)		
m X Partial retention by biofiltration with partial retention (PR-1)		
☐ Biofiltration (BF-1)		
\square Biofiltration with Nutrient Sensitive Media Design (BF-2)		
☐ Proprietary Biofiltration (BF-3) meeting all requirements of Appendix F		
☐ Flow-through treatment control with prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide BMP type/description in discussion section below)		
☐ Flow-through treatment control included as pre-treatment/forebay for an onsite retention or		
biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description and indicate which onsite retention or		
biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section below)		
☐ Detention pond or vault for hydromodification management		
☐ Other (describe in discussion section below)		
Purpose:		
☐ Pollutant control only		
☐ Hydromodification control only		
${f X}$ Combined pollutant control and hydromodification control		
☐ Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BMP		
☐ Other (describe in discussion section below)		

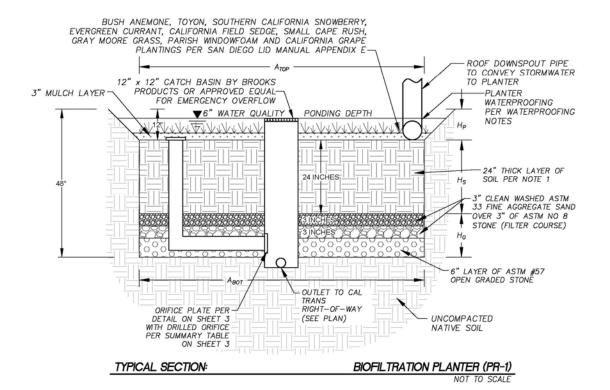
Who will certify construction of this BMP? Provide name and contact information for the party responsible to sign BMP verification forms if required by the City Engineer (See Section 1.12 of the BMP Design Manual).	Will G. Mack, PE Pasco Laret Suite & Associates 535 N. Highway 101, Suite A Solana Beach, CA 92075
Who will be the final owner of this BMP?	Pacific Sound Investors, LLC 1855 Freda Lane Cardiff, CA 92007
Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity?	Pacific Sound Investors, LLC 1855 Freda Lane Cardiff, CA 92007
What is the funding mechanism for maintenance?	Pacific Sound Investors, LLC 1855 Freda Lane Cardiff, CA 92007

Form 4 (Copy as many as needed)

Structural BMP ID No. BMP #1 to #8

Construction Plan Sheet No. Sheet 1

Discussion (as needed):



Harvest and Use Feasibility Checklist

Form 5 (PDPs)

City of Solana Beach BMP
Design Manual

		Design Manual		
1. Is there a demand for harvested water (check all that apply) at the project site that is reliably present				
during the wet season? Toilet and urinal flushing Landscape irrigation Other:				
2 If there is a demand: estimate th	ne anticinated average wet season de	emand over a period of 36 hours		
2. If there is a demand; estimate the anticipated average wet season demand over a period of 36 hours. Guidance for planning level demand calculations for toilet/urinal flushing and landscape irrigation is provided in Section B.3.2.				
(9.3gal/person*day)*(0.13368ft^3/	gal)= (1.24ft^3/person*day)*(1.5 day	rs) = 1.86ft^3/36hr		
100 Beds * 1.86ft^3/36 hour = 186 ft^3/36 hr				
3. Calculate the DCV using workshe	eet B-2.1.			
DCV = <u>3099</u> (cubic feet)				
3a. Is the 36 hour demand	3b. Is the 36 hour demand greater t			
greater than or equal to the DCV? Yes / X No	0.25DCV but less than the full DCV? ☐ Yes / X No ☐ ↓	less than 0.25DCV? X Yes		
Harvest and use appears to be	Harvest and use may be feasible.	Harvest and use is		
feasible. Conduct more detailed	Conduct more detailed evaluation a			
evaluation and sizing calculations	sizing calculations to determine	infeasible.		
to confirm that DCV can be used at an adequate rate to meet	feasibility. Harvest and use may only able to be used for a portion of the			
drawdown criteria.	or (optionally) the storage may need			
aranae wir eriteria.	be upsized to meet long term captu targets while draining in longer than hours.	re		
Is harvest and use feasible based on further evaluation?				
☐ Yes, refer to Appendix E to select and size harvest and use BMPs.				
□ No, select alternate BMPs.				

Categorization of Infiltration Feasibility Condition

Form 6 (PDPs)

City of Solana Beach BMP
Design Manual

Part 1 - Full Infiltration Feasibility Screening Criteria

Would infiltration of the full design volume be feasible from a physical perspective without any undesirable consequences that cannot be reasonably mitigated?

Criteri	Screening Question	Yes	No
1	Is the estimated reliable infiltration rate below proposed facility locations greater than 0.5 inches per hour? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2 and Appendix D.	X	

Provide basis:

Based on the web soil survey and NRCS soil map of the site, the underlying soil type is "B". Soil type B will generally have infiltration rates greater than 0.5 inches per hour. For planning purposes during the discretionary process, an infiltration rate greater than 0.5 inches per hour is assumed and a site specific investigation will be performed during final engineering.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability.

Provide basis:

The proposed basins are adjacent to proposed structures and existing slopes therefore partial lining is proposed to limit lateral migration that could negatively impact geotechnical hazards.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability.

Criteri a	Screening Question	Yes	No
3	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without increasing risk of groundwater contamination (shallow water table, storm water pollutants or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	X	

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability.

4	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without causing potential water balance issues such as change of seasonality of ephemeral streams or increased discharge of contaminated groundwater to surface waters? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	X	
---	---	---	--

Provide basis:

The discharge of storm water will not impact down stream waterbodies.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability.

- ATION

^{*}To be completed using gathered site information and best professional judgment considering the definition of MEP in the MS4 Permit. Additional testing and/or studies may be required by Agency/Jurisdictions to substantiate findings

Form 6

Part 2 - Partial Infiltration vs. No Infiltration Feasibility Screening Criteria

Would infiltration of water in any appreciable amount be physically feasible without any negative consequences that cannot be reasonably mitigated?

(Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No
	5	Do soil and geologic conditions allow for infiltration in any appreciable rate or volume? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2 and Appendix D.	X	

Provide basis:

Based on the web soil survey and NRCS soil map of the site, the underlying soil type is "B". Soil type B will generally have infiltration rates greater than 0.5 inches per hour. For planning purposes during the discretionary process, an infiltration rate greater than 0.5 inches per hour is assumed and a site specific investigation will be performed during final engineering.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.

6	Can Infiltration in any appreciable quantity be allowed without increasing risk of geotechnical hazards (slope stability, groundwater mounding, utilities, or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2.		X	
---	--	--	---	--

Provide basis:

The proposed basins are adjacent to proposed structures and existing slopes therefore partial lining is proposed to limit lateral migration that could negatively impact geotechnical hazards.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.

	Form 6				
Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No		
7	Can Infiltration in any appreciable quantity be allowed without posing significant risk for groundwater related concerns (shallow water table, storm water pollutants or other factors)? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	Х			

Provide basis:

Record information of the groundwater in the area is greater than 20 feet, therefore no risk to groundwater.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.

8	Can infiltration be allowed without violating downstream water rights? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	X	
---	---	---	--

Provide basis:

The discharge of storm water will not impact down stream waterbodies.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.

Part 2	If all answers from row 1-4 are yes then partial infiltration design is potentially feasible. The feasibility screening category is Partial Infiltration.	PARTIAL
Result*	If any answer from row 5-8 is no, then infiltration of any volume is considered to be	INFILTRATION
	infeasible within the drainage area. The feasibility screening category is No	
	Infiltration.	

^{*}To be completed using gathered site information and best professional judgment considering the definition of MEP in the MS4 Permit. Additional testing and/or studies may be required by Agency/Jurisdictions to substantiate findings

Factor of Safety and Design Infiltration Rate Worksheet					Form 7 (PDPs) City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual	
Factor Category		Factor Description	Assigned Weight (w)	\	Factor /alue (v)	Product (p) p = w x v
		Soil assessment methods	0.25	3		0.75
		Predominant soil texture	0.25	1		0.25
A	Suitability	Site soil variability	0.25	1		0.25
	Assessment	Depth to groundwater / impervious layer	0.25	1		0.25
		Suitability Assessment Safety Factor, $S_A = \Sigma p$				1.5
		Level of pretreatment/ expected sediment loads	0.5	1		0.5
В	Design	Redundancy/resiliency	0.25	1		0.25
		Compaction during construction	0.25	1		0.25
		Design Safety Factor, $S_B = \Sigma p$				1.0
Combined Safety Factor, S _{total} = S _A x S _B					2.5	
Observed Infiltration Rate, inch/hr, K _{observed} (corrected for test-specific bias) 0.					0.25	
Desig	Design Infiltration Rate, in/hr, K _{design} = K _{observed} / S _{total}					

Supporting Data

Briefly describe infiltration test and provide reference to test forms:

0.25 in/hr infiltration rate is used for the observed because 0.25 is a conservative value for a reliable infiltration rate of type B soils.

Downstream Systems Requirements for Preservation of Coarse Sediment Supply

Form 8 (PDPs) City of Solana Beach BMP Design Manual

When it has been determined that potential critical coarse sediment yield areas exist within the project site, the next step is to determine whether downstream systems would be sensitive to reduction of coarse sediment yield from the project site. Use this form to document the evaluation of downstream systems requirements for preservation of coarse sediment supply.

evalu	nation of downstream systems requirements for	preservation of coarse sec	liment supply.
Proje	ct Name: Residential Care Facility		
Proje	ct Tracking Number / Permit Application Numb	er:	
1	Will the project discharge runoff to a hardened MS4 system (pipe or lined	☐ Hardened MS4 system	Go to 2
	channel) or an un-lined channel?	X Un-lined channel	Go to 4
2	Will the hardened MS4 system convey sediment (e.g., a concrete-lined channel with steep slope and cleansing velocity) or sink sediment (e.g., flat slopes, constrictions,	□ Convey	Go to 3
	treatment BMPs, or ponds with restricted outlets within the system will trap sediment and not allow conveyance of coarse sediment from the project site to an un-lined system).	□ Sink	Go to 7
3	What kind of receiving water will the hardened MS4 system convey the sediment	☐ Un-lined channel	Go to 4
	to?	□ Lake □ Reservoir □ Bay	Go to 7
		□ Lagoon □ Ocean	Go to 6
4	Is the un-lined channel impacted by deposition of sediment? This condition must	□ Yes	Go to 7
	be documented by the local agency.	XNo	Go to 5

	Form 8
5	End – Preserve coarse sediment supply to protect un-lined channels from accelerated erosion due to reduction of coarse sediment yield from the project site unless further investigation determines the sediment is not critical to the receiving stream. Sediment that is critical to receiving streams is the sediment that is a significant source of bed material to the receiving stream (bed sediment supply) (see Section 6.2.3 and Appendix H.2 of the manual).
6	End — Provide management measures for preservation of coarse sediment supply (protect beach sand supply).
7	End – Downstream system does not warrant preservation of coarse sediment supply, no measures for protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas onsite are necessary. Use the space below to describe the basis for this finding for the project.

ATTACHMENT 1 BACKUP FOR PDP POLLUTANT CONTROL BMPS

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 1.

Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

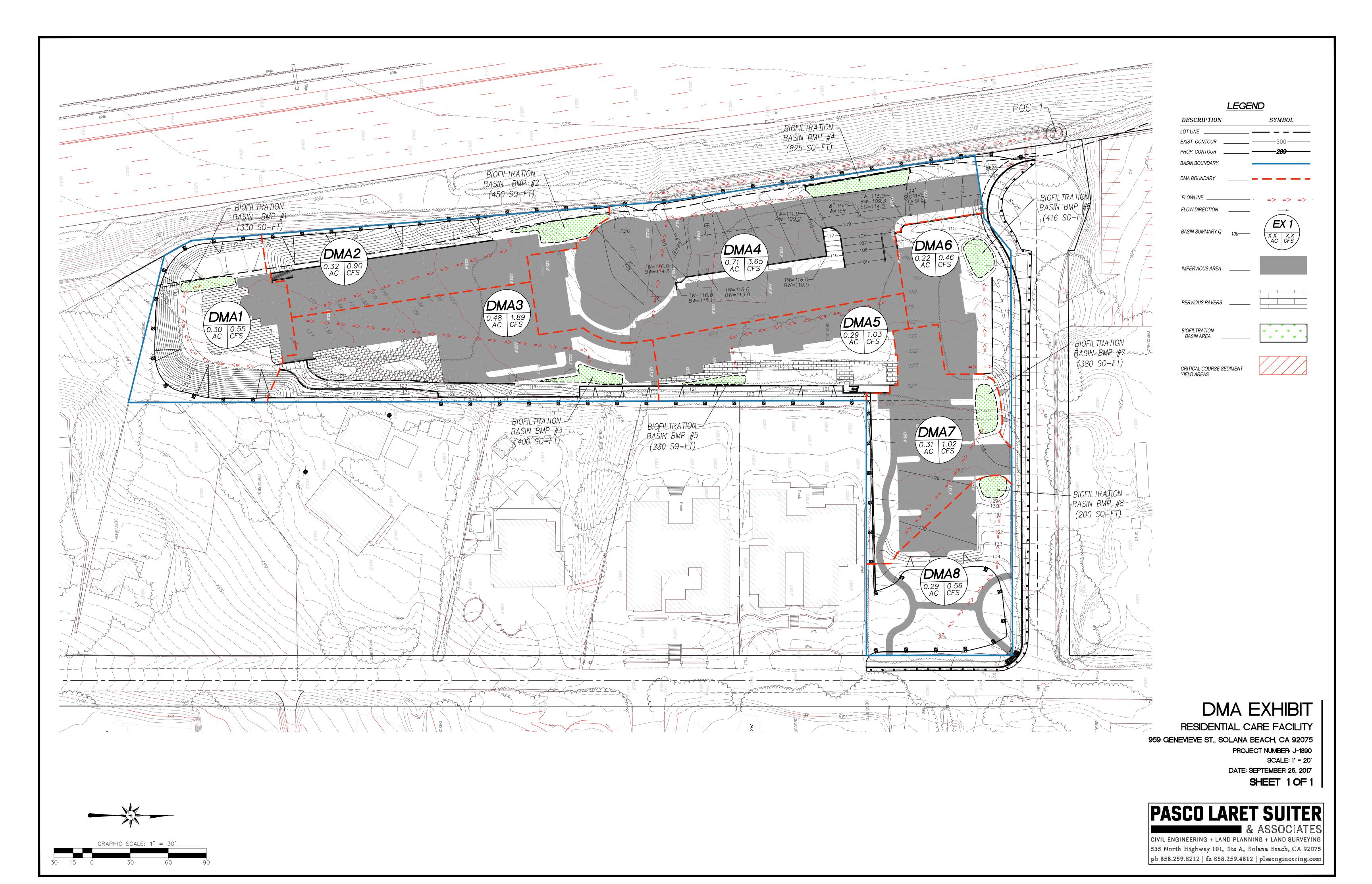
Attachment	Contents	
Sequence		Checklist
Attachment 1a	DMA Exhibit (Required)	XIncluded
	See DMA Exhibit Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.	
Attachment 1b	Tabular Summary of DMAs Showing DMA ID matching DMA Exhibit, DMA Area, and DMA Type (Required)* *Provide table in this Attachment OR on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1.a	☐ Included on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1.a XIncluded as Attachment 1.b, separate from DMA Exhibit
Attachment 1c	Form 5, Harvest and Use Feasibility Screening Checklist (Required unless the entire project will use infiltration BMPs) Refer to Appendix B.3-1 of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form 5.	XIncluded □ Not included because the entire project will use infiltration BMPs
Attachment 1d	Form 6, Categorization of Infiltration Feasibility Condition (Required unless the project will use harvest and use BMPs) Refer to Appendices C and D of the BMP	XIncluded □ Not included because the entire project will use harvest and use BMPs
	Design Manual to complete Form 6.	
Attachment 1e	Pollutant Control BMP Design Worksheets / Calculations (Required)	XIncluded
	Refer to Appendices B and E of the BMP Design Manual for structural pollutant control BMP design guidelines	

Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the DMA Exhibit:

The DMA Exhibit must identify:

- XUnderlying hydrologic soil group
- XApproximate depth to groundwater
- X Existing natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)
- N/A Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected
 - X Existing topography and impervious areas
 - X Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite

 - **X** Proposed grading
 - X Proposed impervious features
 - X Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
 - X Drainage management area (DMA) boundaries, DMA ID numbers, and DMA areas (square footage or acreage), and DMA type (i.e., drains to BMP, self-retaining, or self-mitigating)
 - X Potential pollutant source areas and corresponding required source controls (see Chapter 4, Appendix E.1, and Form 1)
 - XStructural BMPs (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail)



BMP Sizing and DCV Summary Table

		Total				Weighted		Minimum 3% Treatment	Treatment Area	DCV
BMP	BMP	Area	%	%	%	Runoff	DCV	Area	Provided	Provided
Location	Description	(sq-ft)	Impervious	Pervious	Pavers	Factor	(Cu-ft)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(Cu-Ft)
DMA-1	BIORETENTION	13277	12%	88%	0%	0.23	123	92	330.0	495
DMA-2	BIORETENTION	13897	54%	46%	0%	0.55	304	228	450.0	675
DMA-3	BIORETENTION	20716	54%	46%	0%	0.55	454	340	400.0	600
DMA-4	BIORETENTION	31026	79%	21%	0%	0.74	919	689	825.0	1237.5
DMA-5	BIORETENTION	12528	43%	45%	13%	0.46	230	172	230.0	345
DMA-6	BIORETENTION	9598	43%	57%	0%	0.46	178	134	416.0	624
DMA-7	BIORETENTION	13295	70%	30%	0%	0.67	356	267	380.0	570
DMA-8	BIORETENTION	12544	23%	77%	0%	0.31	158	118	200.0	300
	TOTAL	126881					2721	2041	3231	4847

Runoff Factor SUSMP Parameters
Impervious 0.9 Intensity: 0.20 in/hr
Landscape 0.14 *Class "B" Soils Precip: 0.48 in

Permeable Pavers 0.10

Automated Worksheet B.1-1: Calculation of Design Capture Volume (V1.3)

O R O OLO MEX	#	Description	;	;;	:::	1 Capture V	"	•					Units
Category	0	Drainage Basin ID or Name	1	2	3	4	ν 5	vi	vii 7	viii 8	ix	X	
	U	Dramage Basin ID of Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	/	0			unitless
	1	Basin Drains to the Following BMP Type	Biofiltration			unitless							
	2	85th Percentile 24-hr Storm Depth	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48			inches
Standard	3	Design Infiltration Rate Recommended by Geotechnical Engineer	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250			in/hr
Drainage Basin	4	Impervious Surfaces Not Directed to Dispersion Area (C=0.90)	1,584	7,439	11,112	24,515	4,636	4,099	9,252	2,877			sq-ft
Inputs -	5	Semi-Pervious Surfaces Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.30)											sq-ft
Impato	6	Engineered Pervious Surfaces Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.10)					692						sq-ft
	7	Natural Type A Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.10)											sq-ft
	8	Natural Type B Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.14)	11,693	6,458	9,604	6,511	7,200	5,499	4,043	9,667			sq-ft
	9	Natural Type C Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.23)											sq-ft
	10	Natural Type D Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.30)											sq-ft
	11	Does Tributary Incorporate Dispersion, Tree Wells, and/or Rain Barrels?	No	No	No	yes/no							
	12	Impervious Surfaces Directed to Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.90)											sq-ft
	13	Semi-Pervious Surfaces Serving as Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.30)											sq-ft
D: .	14	Engineered Pervious Surfaces Serving as Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.10)											sq-ft
Dispersion	15	Natural Type A Soil Serving as Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.10)											sq-ft
Area, Tree Well - & Rain Barrel -	16	Natural Type B Soil Serving as Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.14)											sq-ft
Inputs	17	Natural Type C Soil Serving as Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.23)											sq-ft
(Optional)	18	Natural Type D Soil Serving as Dispersion Area per SD-B (Ci=0.30)											sq-ft
(Optional)	19	Number of Tree Wells Proposed per SD-A											#
	20	Average Mature Tree Canopy Diameter											ft
	21	Number of Rain Barrels Proposed per SD-E											#
	22	Average Rain Barrel Size											gal
	23	Does BMP Overflow to Stormwater Features in <u>Downstream</u> Drainage?	No	No	No	unitless							
Treatment	24	Identify Downstream Drainage Basin Providing Treatment in Series											unitless
Train Inputs &	25	Percent of Upstream Flows Directed to Downstream Dispersion Areas											percent
Calculations	26	Upstream Impervious Surfaces Directed to Dispersion Area (Ci=0.90)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	27	Upstream Impervious Surfaces Not Directed to Dispersion Area (C=0.90)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	28	Total Tributary Area	13,277	13,897	20,716	31,026	12,528	9,598	13,295	12,544	0	0	sq-ft
Initial Runoff	29	Initial Runoff Factor for Standard Drainage Areas	0.23	0.55	0.55	0.74	0.42	0.46	0.67	0.31	0.00	0.00	unitless
Factor	30	Initial Runoff Factor for Dispersed & Dispersion Areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	unitless
Calculation	31	Initial Weighted Runoff Factor	0.23	0.55	0.55	0.74	0.42	0.46	0.67	0.31	0.00	0.00	unitless
	32	Initial Design Capture Volume	122	306	456	918	210	177	356	156	0	0	cubic-feet
	33	Total Impervious Area Dispersed to Pervious Surface	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	sq-ft
D	34	Total Pervious Dispersion Area	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	sq-ft
Dispersion	35	Ratio of Dispersed Impervious Area to Pervious Dispersion Area	n/a	n/a	n/a	ratio							
Area	36	Adjustment Factor for Dispersed & Dispersion Areas	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	ratio
Adjustments	37	Runoff Factor After Dispersion Techniques	0.23	0.55	0.55	0.74	0.42	0.46	0.67	0.31	n/a	n/a	unitless
	38	Design Capture Volume After Dispersion Techniques	122	306	456	918	210	177	356	156	0	0	cubic-feet
	39	Total Tree Well Volume Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	40	Total Rain Barrel Volume Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	41	Final Adjusted Runoff Factor	0.23	0.55	0.55	0.74	0.42	0.46	0.67	0.31	0.00	0.00	unitless
D. I	42	Final Effective Tributary Area	3,054	7,643	11,394	22,959	5,262	4,415	8,908	3,889	0	0	sq-ft
Results	43	Initial Design Capture Volume Retained by Site Design Elements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
		7 0	122	306	456	918	210	177	356	156			cubic-feet

Worksheet B.1-1 General Notes:

A. Applicants may use this worksheet to calculate design capture volumes for up to 10 drainage areas User input must be provided for yellow shaded cells, values for all other cells will be automatically generated, errors/notifications will be highlighted in red and summarized below. Upon completion of this worksheet, proceed to the appropriate BMP Sizing worksheet(s).

Automated Worksheet B.3-1: Project-Scale BMP Feasibility Analysis (V1.3)

Category	#	Description	Value	Units
	0	Design Capture Volume for Entire Project Site	3,099	cubic-feet
0 . 0 . 11	1	Proposed Development Type	Residential	unitless
Capture & Use Inputs	2	Number of Residents or Employees at Proposed Development	100	#
npato	3	Total Planted Area within Development	3,257	sq-ft
	4	Water Use Category for Proposed Planted Areas	Low	unitless
	5	Is Average Site Design Infiltration Rate ≤0.500 Inches per Hour?	Yes	yes/no
Infiltration	6	Is Average Site Design Infiltration Rate ≤0.010 Inches per Hour?	No	yes/no
Inputs	7	Is Infiltration of the Full DCV Anticipated to Produce Negative Impacts?	Yes	yes/no
	8	Is Infiltration of Any Volume Anticipated to Produce Negative Impacts?	No	yes/no
	9	36-Hour Toilet Use Per Resident or Employee	1.86	cubic-feet
	10	Subtotal: Anticipated 36 Hour Toilet Use	186	cubic-feet
	11	Anticipated 1 Acre Landscape Use Over 36 Hours	52.14	cubic-feet
	12	Subtotal: Anticipated Landscape Use Over 36 Hours	4	cubic-feet
Calculations	13	Total Anticipated Use Over 36 Hours	190	cubic-feet
	14	Total Anticipated Use / Design Capture Volume	0.06	cubic-feet
	15	Are Full Capture and Use Techniques Feasible for this Project?	No	unitless
	16	Is Full Retention Feasible for this Project?	No	yes/no
	17	Is Partial Retention Feasible for this Project?	Yes	yes/no
Result	18	Feasibility Category	4	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Worksheet B.3-1 General Notes:

- A. Applicants may use this worksheet to determine the types of structural BMPs that are acceptable for implementation at their project site (as required in Section 5 of the BMPDM). User input should be provided for yellow shaded cells, values for all other cells will be automatically generated. Projects demonstrating feasibility or potential feasibility via this worksheet are encouraged to incorporate capture and use features in their project.
- B. Negative impacts associated with retention may include geotechnical, groundwater, water balance, or other issues identified by a geotechnical engineer and substantiated through completion of Form I-8.
- C. Feasibility Category 1: Applicant must implement capture & use, retention, and/or infiltration elements for the entire DCV.
- D. Feasibility Category 2: Applicant must implement capture & use elements for the entire DCV.
- E. Feasibility Category 3: Applicant must implement retention and/or infiltration elements for all DMAs with Design Infiltration Rates greater than 0.50 in/hr.
- F. Feasibility Category 4: Applicant must implement standard <u>unlined</u> biofiltration BMPs sized at ≥3% of the effective impervious tributary area for all DMAs with Design Infiltration Rates of 0.011 to 0.50 in/hr. Applicants may be permitted to implement lined BMPs, reduced size BMPs, and/or specialized biofiltration BMPs provided additional criteria identified in "Supplemental Retention Criteria for Non-Standard Biofiltration BMPs" are satisfied.
- G. Feasibility Category 5: Applicant must implement standard <u>lined</u> biofiltration BMPs sized at ≥3% of the effective impervious tributary area for all DMAs with Design Infiltration Rates of 0.010 in/hr or less. Applicants may also be permitted to implement reduced size and/or specialized biofiltration BMPs provided additional criteria identified in "Supplemental Retention Criteria for Non-Standard Biofiltration BMPs" are satisfied.
- H. PDPs participating in an offsite alternative compliance program are not held to the feasibility categories presented herein.

Automated Worksheet B.5-1: Sizing Lined or Unlined Biofiltration BMPs (V1.3)

_		Automated Worksh	ieet D.5-1 ; 8	sizing Line	d or Unline	d bioiiitrau	on burs (1		ı			
Category	#	Description	i	ii	iii	iv	ν	vi	vii	viii	ix	\mathcal{X}	Units
	0	Drainage Basin ID or Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	-	-	sq-ft
	1	Design Infiltration Rate Recommended by Geotechnical Engineer	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	-	-	in/hr
	2	Effective Tributary Area	3,054	7,643	11,394	22,959	5,262	4,415	8,908	3,889	-	-	sq-ft
	3	Minimum Biofiltration Footprint Sizing Factor	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	-	-	ratio
	4	Design Capture Volume Tributary to BMP	122	306	456	918	210	177	356	156	-	-	cubic-feet
BMP Inputs	5	Is Biofiltration Basin Impermeably Lined or Unlined?	Unlined	Unlined	Unlined	Unlined	Unlined	Unlined	Unlined	Unlined			unitless
Divir inputo	6	Provided Biofiltration BMP Surface Area	330	450	400	825	230	416	380	200			sq-ft
	7	Provided Surface Ponding Depth	6	6	6	6	6	18	18	18			inches
	8	Provided Soil Media Thickness	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24			inches
	9	Provided Depth of Gravel Above Underdrain Invert	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12			inches
	10	Diameter of Underdrain or Hydromod Orifice (Select Smallest)	0.33	0.33	0.40	0.55	0.33	0.30	0.30	0.30			inches
	11	Provided Depth of Gravel Below the Underdrain	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			inches
	12	Volume Infiltrated Over 6 Hour Storm	41	56	50	103	29	52	48	25	0	0	cubic-feet
	13	Soil Media Pore Space Available for Retention	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	unitless
	14	Gravel Pore Space Available for Retention	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.00	unitless
	15	Effective Retention Depth	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	0.00	0.00	inches
Retention	16	Calculated Retention Storage Drawdown (Including 6 Hr Storm)	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0	hours
Calculations	17	Volume Retained by BMP	107	146	130	268	75	135	124	65	0	0	cubic-feet
	18	Fraction of DCV Retained	0.88	0.48	0.29	0.29	0.36	0.76	0.35	0.42	0.00	0.00	ratio
	19	Portion of Retention Performance Standard Satisfied	1.00	0.96	0.72	0.72	0.83	1.00	0.81	0.91	0.00	0.00	ratio
	20	Fraction of DCV Retained (normalized to 36-hr drawdown)	1.00	0.90	0.54	0.54	0.68	1.00	0.66	0.79	0.00	0.00	ratio
	21	Design Capture Volume Remaining for Biofiltration	0	31	210	422	67	0	121	33	0	0	cubic-feet
	22	Max Hydromod Flow Rate through Underdrain	0.0053	0.0053	0.0078	0.0148	0.0053	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050	n/a	n/a	CFS
	23	Max Soil Filtration Rate Allowed by Underdrain Orifice	0.70	0.51	0.85	0.78	1.00	0.52	0.57	1.08	n/a	n/a	in/hr
	24	Soil Media Filtration Rate per Specifications	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	in/hr
	25	Soil Media Filtration Rate to be used for Sizing	0.70	0.51	0.85	0.78	1.00	0.52	0.57	1.08	5.00	5.00	in/hr
	26	Depth Biofiltered Over 6 Hour Storm	4.19	3.08	5.08	4.65	6.02	3.12	3.42	6.49	30.00	30.00	inches
	27	Soil Media Pore Space Available for Biofiltration	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	unitless
	28	Effective Depth of Biofiltration Storage	15.60	15.60	15.60	15.60	15.60	27.60	27.60	27.60	0.00	0.00	inches
Biofiltration	29	Drawdown Time for Surface Ponding	6	8	5	6	5	23	22	14	0	0	hours
Calculations	30	Drawdown Time for Effective Biofiltration Depth	16	20	14	15	12	36	34	21	0	0	hours
	31	Total Depth Biofiltered	19.79	18.68	20.68	20.25	21.62	30.72	31.02	34.09	30.00	30.00	inches
	32	Option 1 - Biofilter 1.50 DCV: Target Volume	0	47	315	633	101	0	182	50	0	0	cubic-feet
	33	Option 1 - Provided Biofiltration Volume	0	47	315	633	101	0	182	50	0	0	cubic-feet
	34	Option 2 - Store 0.75 DCV: Target Volume	0	23	158	317	50	0	91	25	0	0	cubic-feet
	35	Option 2 - Provided Storage Volume	0	23	158	317	50	0	91	25	0	0	cubic-feet
	36	Portion of Biofiltration Performance Standard Satisfied	#DIV/0!	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	#DIV/0!	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	ratio
	37	Do Site Design Elements and BMPs Satisfy Annual Retention Requirements?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	yes/no
	38	Overall Portion of Performance Standard Satisfied	#DIV/0!	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	#DIV/0!	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	ratio
Result	39	This BMP Overflows to the Following Drainage Basin	TDIV/0:	-	-	-	-	TDIV/0:	-	-	-	-	unitless
	40	Deficit of Effectively Treated Stormwater	#DIV/0!	0	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	0	n/a	n/a	cubic-feet
Worksheet R 5		•	πΔΙΥ/υ:	U	U	U	U	πΔ11/0;	U	U	11/a	11/ a	cubic-teet

Worksheet B.5-1 General Notes:

A. Applicants may use this worksheet to size Lined or Unlined Biofiltration BMPs (BF-1, PR-1) for up to 10 basins. User input must be provided for yellow shaded cells, values for blue cells are automatically populated based on user inputs from previous worksheets, values for all other cells will be automatically generated, errors/notifications will be highlighted in red/orange and summarized below. BMPs fully satisfying the pollutant control performance standards will have a deficit treated volume of zero and be highlighted in green.

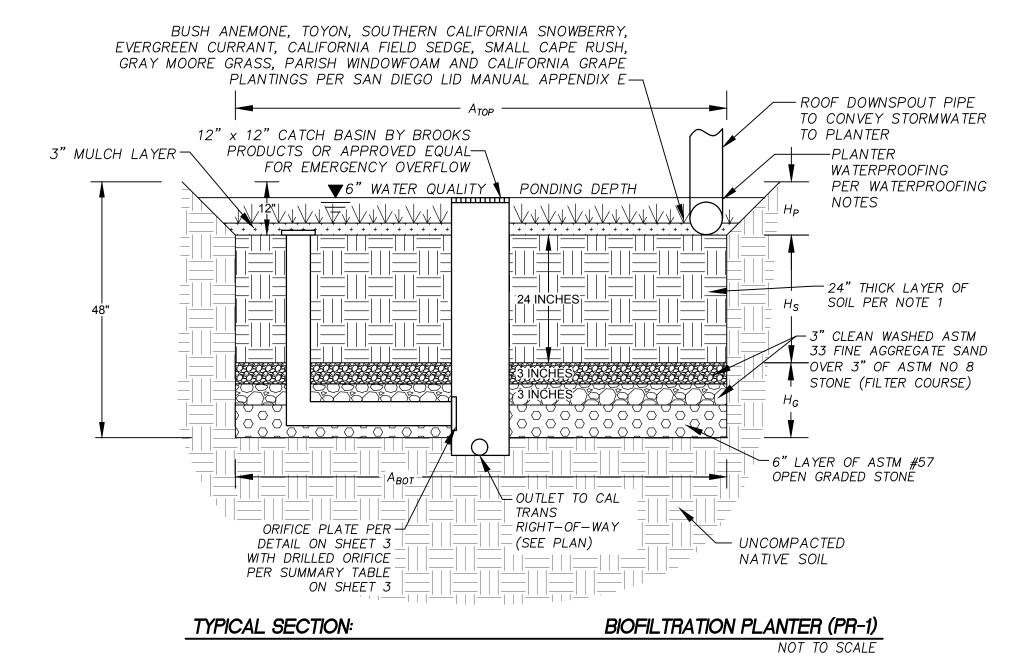
Summary of Stormwater Pollutant Control Calculations (V1.3)

Category	#	Description	i	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	vii	viii	ix	X	Units
	0	Drainage Basin ID or Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	-	-	unitless
	1	85th Percentile Storm Depth	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	-	-	inches
General Info	2	Design Infiltration Rate Recommended by Geotechnical Engineer	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	-	-	in/hr
	3	Total Tributary Area	13,277	13,897	20,716	31,026	12,528	9,598	13,295	12,544	-	-	sq-ft
	4	85th Percentile Storm Volume (Rainfall Volume)	531	556	829	1,241	501	384	532	502	-	-	cubic-feet
I I DOW	5	Initial Weighted Runoff Factor	0.23	0.55	0.55	0.74	0.42	0.46	0.67	0.31	-	-	unitless
Initial DCV	6	Initial Design Capture Volume	122	306	456	918	210	177	356	156	-	-	cubic-feet
Site Design	7	Dispersion Area Reductions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	cubic-feet
Volume Reductions	8	Tree Well and Rain Barrel Reductions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	cubic-feet
	9	Effective Area Tributary to BMP	3,054	7,643	11,394	22,959	5,262	4,415	8,908	3,889	-	-	square feet
BMP Volume	10	Final Design Capture Volume Tributary to BMP	122	306	456	918	210	177	356	156	-	-	cubic-feet
Reductions	11	Basin Drains to the Following BMP Type	Biofiltration	-	-	unitless							
	12	Volume Retained by BMP (normalized to 36 hour drawdown)	122	275	246	496	143	177	235	123	-	1	cubic-feet
	13	Total Fraction of Initial DCV Retained within DMA	1.00	0.90	0.54	0.54	0.68	1.00	0.66	0.79	-	-	fraction
Total Volume Reductions	14	Percent of Average Annual Runoff Retention Provided	80.4%	76.5%	57.3%	57.3%	66.1%	80.4%	65.0%	72.1%	-	-	%
	15	Percent of Average Annual Runoff Retention Required	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	-	-	%
Performance Standard	16	Percent of Pollution Control Standard Satisfied	#DIV/0!	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	#DIV/0!	100.0%	100.0%	-	-	%
	17	Discharges to Secondary Treatment in Drainage Basin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	unitless
Treatment	18	Impervious Surface Area Still Requiring Treatment	#DIV/0!	0	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	0	-	-	square feet
Train	19	Impervious Surfaces Directed to Downstream Dispersion Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	square feet
	20	Impervious Surfaces Not Directed to Downstream Dispersion Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	square feet
Result	21	Deficit of Effectively Treated Stormwater	#DIV/0!	0	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	0	-	-	cubic-feet

Summary Notes

All fields in this summary worksheet are populated based on previous user inputs. If applicable, drainage basin elements that require revisions and/or supplemental information outside the scope of these worksheets are highlighted in orange and summairzed in the red text below. If all drainage basins achieve full compliance without a need for supplemental information, a green message will appear below.

-Congratulations, all specified drainage basins and BMPs are in compliance with stormwater pollutant control requirements. Include 11x17 color prints of this summary sheet and supporting worksheet calculations as part of the SWQMP submittal package.



ATTACHMENT 2 BACKUP FOR PDP HYDROMODIFICATION CONTROL MEASURES

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 2.

☐ Mark this box if this attachment is empty because the project is exempt from PDP hydromodification management requirements.

Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment	Hydromodification Management Exhibit	XIncluded
2a	(Required)	See Hydromodification Management Exhibit Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.
Attachment 2b	Management of Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas (WMAA Exhibit is required, additional analyses are optional) See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual.	XExhibit showing project drainage boundaries marked on WMAA Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Map (Required)
		Optional analyses for Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Determination □ 6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units Onsite □ 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment □ 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite
Attachment 2c	Geomorphic Assessment of Receiving Channels (Optional) See Section 6.3.4 of the BMP Design Manual.	XNot performed☐ Included☐ Submitted as separate stand-alone document
Attachment 2d	Flow Control Facility Design, including Structural BMP Drawdown Calculations and Overflow Design Summary (Required) See Chapter 6 and Appendix G of the BMP Design Manual	XIncluded ☐ Submitted as separate stand-alone document
Attachment 2e	Vector Control Plan (Required when structural BMPs will not drain in 96 hours)	☐ Included XNot required because BMPs will drain in less than 96 hours

Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the Hydromodification Management Exhibit:

The Hydromodification Management Exhibit must identify:

Munderlying hydrologic soil group

XApproximate depth to groundwater

XExisting natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)

XCritical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected

XExisting topography

XExisting and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite

XProposed grading

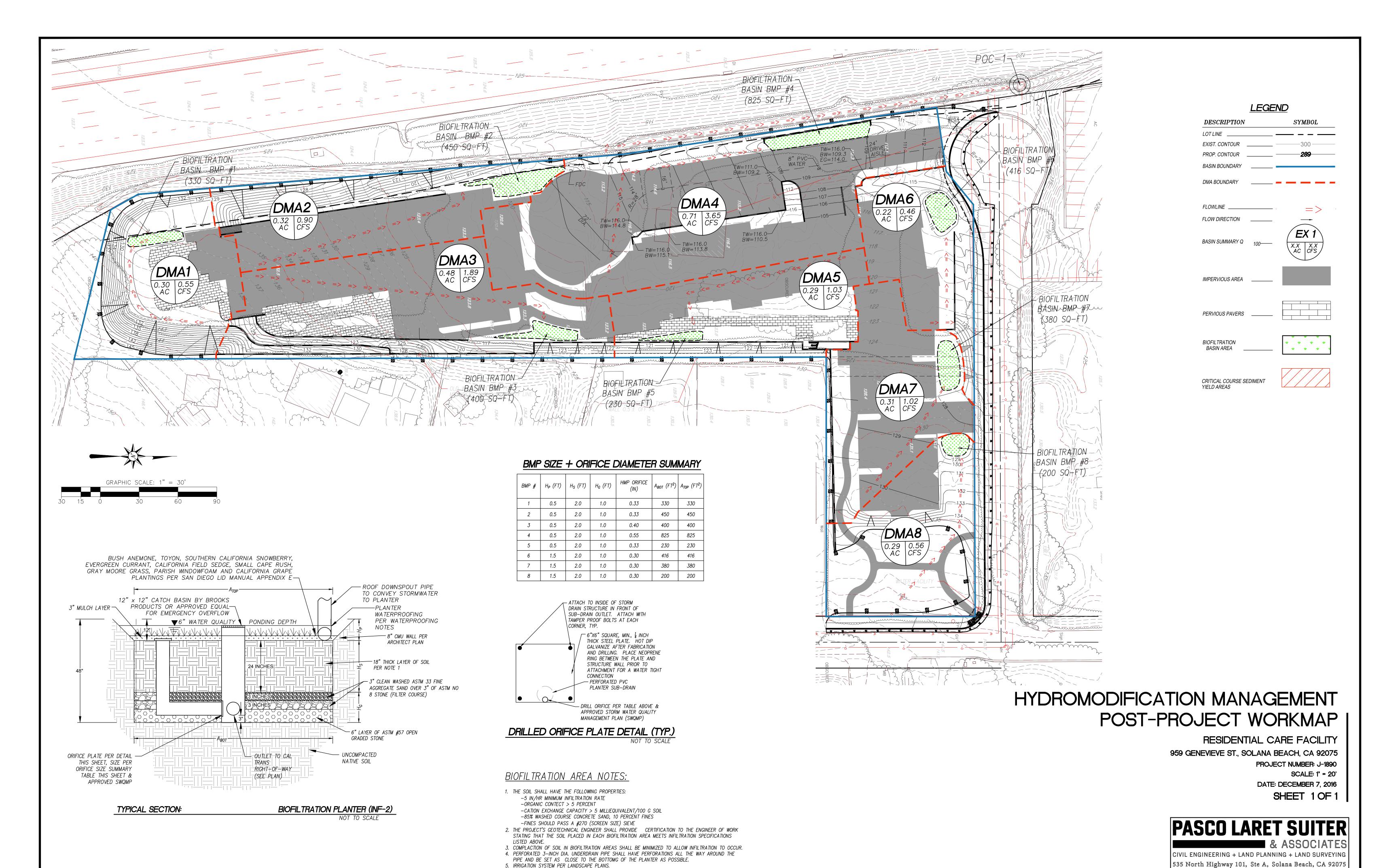
XProposed impervious features

XProposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness

XPoint (s) of Compliance (POC) for Hydromodification Management

XExisting and proposed drainage boundary and drainage area to each POC (when necessary, create separate exhibits for pre-development and post-project conditions)

XStructural BMPs for hydromodification management (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail)



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FROM **WMAA**



POTENTIAL CCSYA EXHIBIT

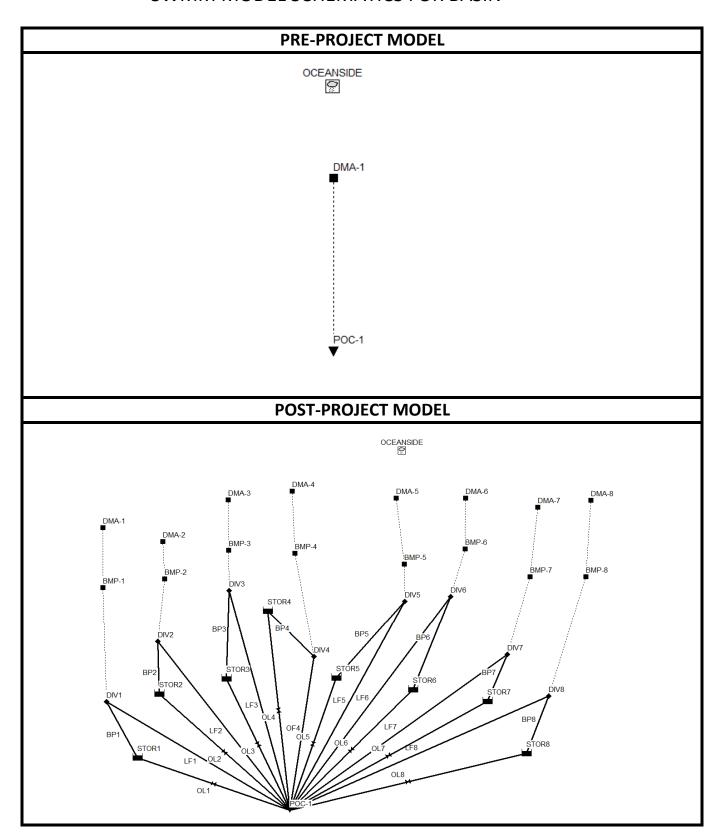
RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

959 GENEVIEVE ST, SOLANA BEACH, CA 92075 PROJECT NUMBER: PE 1890 SCALE: NOT TO SCALE DATE: SEPTEMBER 26, 2017

SHEET 1 OF 1

& ASSOCIATES
CIVIL ENGINEERING + LAND PLANNING + LAND SURVEYING 535 North Highway 101, Ste A, Solana Beach, CA 92075 ph 858.259.8212 | fx 858.259.4812 | plsaengineering.com

SWMM MODEL SCHEMATICS FOR BASIN



PRE-PROJE	СТ									
			Width							
			(Area/							
			Flow					Weighted	Weighted	Weighted
		Area	Length)		%	% "A"	% "B"	Infiltration	Suction	Initial
DMA	Basin	(ac)	(ft)	% Slope	Impervious	Soils	Soils	(in/hr):	Head (in):	Deficit:
DMA-1	1	2.91	203.99	4.3%	0%	3%	97%	0.203	2.955	0.310

Total: 2.91

POST-PROJ	ECT									
			Width							
			(Area/							
			Flow	%				Weighted	Weighted	Weighted
		Area	Length)	Impervio		% "A"	% "B"	Infiltration	Suction	Initial
DMA	BMP	(ac)	(ft)	us	% Slope	Soils	Soils	(in/hr):	Head (in):	Deficit:
DMA-1	1	0.30	94.84	12%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-2	2	0.32	73.14	54%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-3	3	0.48	84.21	54%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-4	4	0.71	154.36	79%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-5	5	0.29	75.47	43%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-6	6	0.22	99.98	43%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-7	7	0.31	121.97	70%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310
DMA-8	8	0.29	92.24	23%	2.0%	0%	100%	0.200	3.000	0.310

Total: 2.91

Infiltration:					
A:	0.3	in/hr			
B:	0.2	in/hr			

	Suction Head	:
A:	1.5	in
B:	3	in

Initial Deficit				
A:	0.3			
B:	0.31			

OUTLET RATING					
CI	URVE				
	12" X 12"				
	BROOKS				
HEAD	BOX				
(ft)	Q (cfs)				
0.1	0.4				
0.2	1.14				
0.3	2.1				
0.4	3.24				
0.5	4.52				

1890 PRE. TXT

```
[TITLE]
;; Project Title/Notes
RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY
J-1890
PRE-PROJECT CONDITION
[OPTI ONS]
; ; Opti on
                     Val ue
FLOW_UNITS
                     CFS
INFILTRATION
                     GREEN_AMPT
FLOW_ROUTI NG
                     KI NWAVE
LINK_OFFSETS
MIN_SLOPE
                     DEPTH
                     0
ALLOW PONDING
                     NO
SKI P_STEADY_STATE
                     NO
START_DATE
                     08/28/1951
START TIME
                     05: 00: 00
REPORT_START_DATE REPORT_START_TIME
                     08/28/1951
                     05: 00: 00
END_DATE
                     05/23/2008
END_TIME
SWEEP_START
SWEEP_END
                     23: 00: 00
01/01
                     12/31
DRY_DAYS
                     0
REPORT_STEP
                     01:00:00
WET_STEP
                     00: 15: 00
DRY_STEP
                     04:00:00
ROUTI NG_STEP
                     0: 01: 00
                     PARTI AL
I NERTI AL_DAMPI NG
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED
                     BOTH
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION
                     H-W
VARI ABLE_STEP
                     0.75
LENGTHENING STEP
                     0
MI N_SURFAREA
                     12.557
MAX_TRI ALS
                     8
HEAD_TOLERANCE
                     0.005
SYS_FLOW_TOL
LAT_FLOW_TOL
MINIMUM_STEP
                     5
                     5
                     0.5
THREADS
[EVAPORATION]
                 Parameters
;; Data Source
                                      0. 11
                                              0. 13 0. 15
MONTHLY
                 0. 03 0. 05 0. 08
                                                            0. 15
                                                                    0. 13 0. 11
0.08 0.04 0.02
DRY_ONLY
                 NO
[RAI NGAGES]
                           Interval SCF
;; Name
                 Format
                                              Source
                                             TIMESERIES OCEANSIDE
OCEANSI DE
                 INTENSITY 1:00
                                   1. 0
[SUBCATCHMENTS]
                 Rain Gage
;;Name
                                   Outlet
                                                    Area
                                                             %Imperv Width
%SI ope CurbLen SnowPack
;;-----
DMA-1
                OCEANSI DE
                                   P0C-1
                                                    2. 91
                                                             0
                                                                       203. 99
                                                                                4.3
```

1890_PRE. TXT

500000000000000000000000000000000000000		189	O_PRE. TXT			
[SUBAREAS] ;;Subcatchment PctRouted ;;	•		•			RouteTo
DMA-1	0. 012	0. 032	0. 05	0. 1	25	OUTLET
[INFILTRATION] ;;Subcatchment	Suction	Ksat	I MD			
DMA-1	9. 0	0. 025	0. 330			
[OUTFALLS] ;; Name :::	Elevation	Туре	Stage Data	Gate	d Route	То
;Basin 200 POC-1	0	FREE		NO		
[TIMESERIES] ;;Name ;;	Date	Ti me	Val ue			
OCEANSIDE FILES\Rainfall_d	FILE "J:\A	ctive Jobs\	1890\CI VI L\	REPORTS\SWC	MP\SWMM\ELE	CTRONI C
[REPORT] ;;Reporting Opti INPUT NO CONTROLS NO SUBCATCHMENTS AL NODES ALL LINKS ALL						
[TAGS]						
[MAP] DIMENSIONS 0.000 Units None	0.000 1000	0.000 10000	0. 000			
[COORDI NATES] ; ; Node ; ;	X-Coord	Y-	Coord			
POC-1	1100. 000	35	500. 000			
[VERTICES] ; ; Li nk ; ;	X-Coord	Y-	Coord			
[Polygons] ;;Subcatchment	X-Coord	Υ-	Coord			
DMA-1	1100. 000	60	000.000	-		
[SYMBOLS] ;;Gage	X-Coord	Y-	Coord			
OCEANSI DE	1100. 000	73	800.000			

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.009)

RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

J-1890

POST PROJECT CONDITION

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF1 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP1 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF2 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF3 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit OF4 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF5 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF6 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF7

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF8

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP2

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP3

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP4

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP5

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP6

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP7

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP8

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

Analysis Options

Flow Units CFS

Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES

RDII NO

Snowmelt NO

Groundwater NO

Flow Routing YES

Ponding Allowed NO

Water Quality NO

Infiltration Method GREEN_AMPT

Flow Routing Method KINWAVE

Starting Date AUG-28-1951 05:00:00

Ending Date MAY-23-2008 23:00:00

Antecedent Dry Days 0.0

Report Time Step 00:15:00

Wet Time Step	00:05:00
Dry Time Step	01:00:00
Routing Time Step	60.00 sed

*******	Volume	Depth	
Runoff Quantity Continu	•	eet incl	nes
Initial LID Storage	0.015	0.060	
Total Precipitation	168.478	675.090	
Evaporation Loss	15.048	60.297	
Infiltration Loss	95.625	383.167	
Surface Runoff	13.908	55.730	
LID Drainage	44.157	176.938	
Final Storage	0.026	0.105	
Continuity Error (%)	-0.161		

*******	*****	Volume	Volume
Flow Routing Continuity	acre-fee	et 10^6	gal
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000	
Wet Weather Inflow	58.066	5 18.92	2
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000	
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000	
External Inflow	0.000	0.000	
External Outflow	57.015	18.579	
Flooding Loss	4.063	1.324	
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000	
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000	
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000	
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.000	
Continuity Error (%)	-5.188		

All links are stable.

Minimum Time Step : 60.00 sec
Average Time Step : 60.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 60.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00

SWMM OUTPUT REPORT

POST-PROJECT CONDITION

Average Iterations per Step: 1.00 Percent Not Converging: 0.00

Analysis begun on: Fri Sep 22 11:47:52 2017 Analysis ended on: Fri Sep 22 11:52:00 2017

Total elapsed time: 00:04:08

1890_P0ST. TXT

[TITLE] ;;Project Title/N RESIDENTIAL CARE J-1890 POST PROJECT COND	FACI LI TY	1890_P051.	1 1				
[OPTIONS] ;; Option FLOW_UNITS INFILTRATION FLOW_ROUTING LINK_OFFSETS MIN_SLOPE ALLOW_PONDING SKIP_STEADY_STATE	Value CFS GREEN_AMPT KINWAVE DEPTH O NO						
START_DATE START_TIME REPORT_START_DATE REPORT_START_TIME END_DATE END_TIME SWEEP_START SWEEP_END DRY_DAYS REPORT_STEP WET_STEP ROUTING_STEP							
I NERTI AL_DAMPI NG NORMAL_FLOW_LI MI T FORCE_MAI N_EQUATI VARI ABLE_STEP LENGTHENI NG_STEP MI N_SURFAREA MAX_TRI ALS HEAD_TOLERANCE SYS_FLOW_TOL LAT_FLOW_TOL MI NI MUM_STEP THREADS							
;; MONTHLY 0. 08	Parameters 	08 0. 11	0. 13	0. 15	0. 15 0.	13 0. 11	
[RAI NGAGES] ;; Name	Format Interv	al SCF	Source	Э			
OCEANSI DE	INTENSITY 1:00	1. 0	TIMES	- ERLES OCE	EANSI DE		
[SUBCATCHMENTS] ;;Name %Slope CurbLen ;;	Rain Gage SnowPack	Outlet		Area	%Imperv	Wi dth	
_	OCEANSI DE	- BMP-1		0. 30	12	94. 84	2
O BMP-1	OCEANSI DE	DIV1 Page 1		0. 007759	941205 0	10	

				1890	_POST. TXT				
O DMA-2	0	OCEANSI DE		BMP-	2	0. 32	54	73. 14	2
O DMA-3		OCEANSI DE		BMP-	3	0. 48	54	84. 21	2. 0
O DMA-4		OCEANSI DE		BMP-	4	0. 71	79	154. 36	2
O DMA-5		OCEANSI DE		BMP-	5	0. 29	43	75. 47	2. 0
O DMA-6		OCEANSI DE		BMP-	6	0. 22	43	99. 98	2. 0
O DMA-7		OCEANSI DE		BMP-	7	0. 31	70	121. 97	2. 0
O DMA-8		OCEANSI DE		BMP-	8	0. 29	23	92. 24	2. 0
0 BMP-2		OCEANSI DE		DI V2		0. 01033	057851 0	10	. 5
0 BMP-3	0	OCEANSI DE		DI V3		0. 00918	27365 0	12.	7
O BMP-4	0	OCEANSI DE		DI V4		0. 01935	261708 0	10	
0 BMP-5	0	OCEANSI DE		DI V5		0. 00528	00735 0	19.	16
O BMP-6	0	OCEANSI DE		DI V6		0. 00955	0045914 0	5	
O BMP-7	0	OCEANSI DE		DI V7		0. 00872	3599633 0	1	7. 2
0 BMP-8 0	0	OCEANSI DE		DI V8		0. 00459	1368228 0	3.	2. 5
[SUBARE ; ; Subca PctRou	tchment	N-Imperv	N-Per	v	S-Imperv	S-Perv	PctZero	Rout	еТо
;;Subca	tchment	N-Imperv 0.012	N-Per 0. 15	v 	S-Imperv 	S-Perv 0. 05	PctZero 	Rout	
;;Subca PctRou ;;	tchment	·		V 					ET
;;Subca PctRou ;; DMA-1	tchment	0. 012	0. 15	v 	0. 05	0. 05	25	 OUTL	ET ET
;;Subca PctRou ;; DMA-1 BMP-1	tchment	0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15	V 	0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05	25 25	OUTL	ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou ;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V 	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou ;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou ;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET ET
pctRou pctRou pctRou pmA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET ET ET ET
pctRou pctRou pctRou properties DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6 DMA-7	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET ET ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6 DMA-7	tchment	0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET ET ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6 DMA-7 DMA-8 BMP-2	tchment	0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET ET ET ET ET ET ET ET ET
;;Subca PctRou;; DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6 DMA-7 DMA-8 BMP-2 BMP-3	tchment	0. 012 0. 012	0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15 0. 15	V	0. 05 0. 05	0. 05 0. 05	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL OUTL	ET

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		1900	_POST. TXT			
BMP-7	0. 012	0. 15	0. 05	0. 05	25	OUTLET
BMP-8	0. 012	0. 15	0. 05	0. 05	25	OUTLET
[INFILTRATION] ;;Subcatchment	Suction	Ksat	I MD			
DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6 DMA-6 DMA-7 DMA-8 BMP-2 BMP-3 BMP-4 BMP-5 BMP-6 BMP-7 BMP-8	3. 0 3. 0 3. 0 3. 0 3. 0 3. 0 3. 0 3. 0	0. 2 0. 2	0. 31 0. 31			
[LID_CONTROLS];; Name	Type/Layer	Parameters				
BF-1 BF-1	BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0	0	5
BF-1 5 1.5	S0I L	24	. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5
BF-1 BF-1	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 1053	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1 3	0 6	
BF-2 BF-2	BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0. 1	1. 0	5
BF-2 5 1.5	S0I L	24	0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5
BF-2 BF-2	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 0791	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1 3	0 6	
BF-3 BF-3	BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0	0	5
BF-3 5 1.5	S0I L	24	0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5
BF-3 BF-3	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 1307	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1 3	0 6	
BF-4 BF-4	BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0	0	5
BF-4 5 1.5	S0I L	24	0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5
BF-4 BF-4	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 1171	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1 3	0 6	
BF-5 BF-5	BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0	0	5

BF-5		S0I L	1890 24)_P0ST. TXT 0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5	
5 BF-5 BF-5	1. 5	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 1548	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1	0	J	
BF-6 BF-6		BC SURFACE	8	0. 0	0	0	5	
BF-6		SOI L	24	0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5	
5 BF-6 BF-6	1.5	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 0707	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1	0		
BF-7 BF-7		BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0	0	5	
BF-7 5	1. 5	S0I L	24	0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5	
BF-7 BF-7	1. 5	STORAGE DRAIN	12 0. 0774	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1 3	0 6		
BF-8 BF-8		BC SURFACE	8	0.0	0	0	5	
BF-8 5	1. 5	S0I L	24	0. 4	0. 2	0. 1	5	
BF-8 BF-8	1. 3	STORAGE DRAI N	12 0. 1471	0. 67 0. 5	0. 1 3	0 6		
[LID_USAG	E]	LID Proces	e Numb	or Aron	\//i	dth In	i tSat	
FromImp	ToPer	v RptFi	l e 	Dr	ai nTo			
FromI mp ;; BMP-1	ToPer	v RptFi BF-1	le 1	Dr 338.00	rai nTo	 0		100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2	ToPer	v RptFi 	le 	Dr 	ai nTo			100 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3	ToPer	v RptFi BF-1	l e 1	Dr 338. 00	rai nTo 0	0		
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4	ToPer	v RptFi BF-1 BF-2	l e 1 1	Dr 338. 00 450. 00	ai nTo 0 0	0 0		100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5	ToPer	v RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3	l e 1 1 1	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00	ai nTo 0 0	0 0 0		100 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6	ToPer	v RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4	l e 1 1 1 1	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00	ai nTo 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		100 100 0
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6 0 BMP-7	ToPer	V RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4 BF-5	l e 1 1 1 1 1	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00 230. 00	ai nTo 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0		100 100 0 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6 0	ToPer	V RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4 BF-5 BF-6	l e 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00 230. 00 416. 00	ai nTo 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0		100 100 0 100 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6 0 BMP-7 0 BMP-8	ToPer	V RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4 BF-5 BF-6 BF-7 BF-8	l e 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00 230. 00 416. 00 380. 00	o a n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	oute To	100 100 0 100 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6 0 BMP-7 0 BMP-7 0 BMP-8 0 [OUTFALLS ;; Name	ToPer	V RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4 BF-5 BF-6 BF-7 BF-8 Elevation 0	I e	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00 230. 00 416. 00 380. 00 200. 00	ainTo 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		100 100 0 100 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6 0 BMP-7 0 BMP-7 0 BMP-8 0 [OUTFALLS ;; Name ;; POC-1 [DI VI DERS ;; Name ;; DI V1	ToPer	V RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4 BF-5 BF-6 BF-7 BF-8 Elevation 0 Elevation 0	I e	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00 230. 00 416. 00 380. 00 200. 00 Stage Data	ainTo 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		100 100 0 100 100
FromI mp ;; BMP-1 0 BMP-2 0 BMP-3 0 BMP-4 0 BMP-5 0 BMP-6 0 BMP-7 0 BMP-8 0 [OUTFALLS ;; Name ;; POC-1 [DI VI DERS ;; Name ;;	ToPer	V RptFi BF-1 BF-2 BF-3 BF-4 BF-5 BF-6 BF-7 BF-8 Elevation 0 Elevation	Type FREE Di verted L	338. 00 450. 00 400. 00 843. 00 230. 00 416. 00 380. 00 200. 00 Stage Data	ainTo 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	oute To	100 100 0 100 100 100

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DI V3	0		BP3	1890_P0ST. T	XT CUTOFF	0. 01516	1. 5	0
O DI V4	0		BP4		CUTOFF	0. 01516	1. 5	0
0 DI V5	0		BP5		CUTOFF	0. 00547	1. 5	0
O DI V6	0		BP6		CUTOFF	0. 00452	1. 5	0
0 DI V7	0		BP7		CUTOFF	0. 00452	1. 5	0
0 DI V8	0		BP8		CUTOFF	0. 00452	1. 5	0
0	0		ы		001011	0.00432	1. 5	O
[STORAGE] ;; Name ::	EI Feva	ev. p P:	MaxDep si	th InitDept Ksat IMD	h Shape	Curve	Name/Pa	rams
STOR1	0		2	0	- TABULAR	STOR1		-
0 STOR2	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR2		
0 STOR3	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR3		
0 STOR4	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR4		
0 STOR5	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR5		
0 STOR6	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR6		
O STOR7	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR7		
O STOR8	0		2	0	TABULAR	STOR8		
0	0							
[CONDUITS] ;; Name OutOffset	Fro InitFl	om Node ow Ma	e axFlow	To Node		th Roi	ughness	InOffset
LF1	DI '			P0C-1	400	0. (01	0
0 BP1	O DI			STOR1	400	0. (01	0
0 LF2	O DI	0 V2		P0C-1	400	0. (01	0
0 LF3	O DI			P0C-1	400	0. (01	0
0 0F4	O DI			P0C-1	400	0. 0	01	0
0 LF5	O DI			P0C-1	400	0. 0	01	0
0 LF6	O DI			P0C-1	400	0. 0	01	0
0 LF7	0	V7		P0C-1	400	0. 0	01	0
	DI '							
0 LF8	O DI	0 8V		P0C-1	400	0.0	01	0
0 LF8 0 BP2	O DI '	0 V8 0 V2		POC-1 STOR2	400 400	0. 0		0
0 LF8 0	O DI '	V8 0 V2 0					01	

0	0		0		1890_P0ST.	ГХТ					
0 BP5	0	DI V5	0		STOR5		400		0. 01	0	
0 BP6	0	DI V6	0		STOR6		400		0. 01	0	
0 BP7	0	DI V7	0		STOR7		400		0. 01	0	
0 BP8	0	DI V8	0		STOR8		400		0. 01	0	
0	0		0								
[OUTLETS] ;;Name OTable/Qcoef	f 	From No	ode	Gated 			Offset		Type		
0L1		STOR1			P0C-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
12x12 0L2		STOR2		NO	POC-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
12x12 0L3		STOR3		NO	POC-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
12x12 0L4		STOR4		NO	POC-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
12x12 0L5		STOR5		NO	POC-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
12x12 0L6		STOR6		NO	POC-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
12x12 0L7 12x12		STOR7		NO	P0C-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
0L8 12x12		STOR8		NO NO	POC-1		0		TABULAF	R/DEPTH	
[XSECTIONS] ;; Link Barrels C	ul ve	Shape rt 		Geor	n1 	Geor		Geon	13	Geom4	
LF1		DUMMY		0		0		0		0	1
BP1		DUMMY		0		0		0		0	1
LF2		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
LF3		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
OF4		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
LF5		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
LF6		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
LF7		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
LF8		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
BP2		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
BP3		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
BP4		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1
BP5		CI RCUL	AR	1		0		0		0	1

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			1890_P0ST. TXT			
BP6	CI RCULAR	1	_ 0	0	0	1
BP7	CI RCULAR	1	0	0	0	1
BP8	CI RCULAR	1	0	0	0	1

[CURVES	5]	Туре	X-Val ue	Y-Val ue
; 12"x12 12x12 12x12 12x12 12x12 12x12 12x12	e" Brooks e	30X Rati ng	0 0. 1 0. 2 0. 3 0. 4 0. 5	0 0. 1 1. 14 2. 1 3. 24 4. 52
; 24x24 24x24 24x24 24x24 24x24 24x24 24x24	Brooks Box	Rating	0. 1 0. 2 0. 3 0. 4	0 0. 69 1. 94 3. 56 5. 48 7. 66
; BMP-1 STOR1 STOR1 STOR1	Above the	Berm Storage	0 0. 5 1	338 338 338
; BMP-2 STOR2 STOR2 STOR2 STOR2	ABOVE THE	GRATE Storage	0 0. 5 1	450 450 450
; BMP-3 STOR3 STOR3 STOR3	ABOVE THE	GRATE Storage	0 0. 5 1. 0	400 400 400
; ; BMP-4 STOR4 STOR4 STOR4	ABOVE THE	GRATE Storage	0 0. 5 1	843 843 843
; ; BMP-5 STOR5 STOR5 STOR5	ABOVE THE	GRATE Storage	0 0. 5 1. 0	230 230 230
; ; BMP-6 STOR6 STOR6 STOR6		Storage	0 0. 5 1. 0	416 416 416
; ; BMP-7 STOR7 STOR7 STOR7	ABOVE THE	GRATE Storage	0 0. 5 1	380 380 380
; ; BMP-8 STOR8	ABOVE THE	GRATE Storage	0 P	200 age 7

1890_POST. TXT

STOR8 0.5 200 STOR8 200 1

[TIMESERIES]

;; Name Date Time Value

OCEANSIDE FILE "J:\Active Jobs\1890\CIVIL\REPORTS\SWQMP\SWMM\ELECTRONIC FILES\Rainfall_data\oceanside.txt"

[REPORT]
;;Reporting Options
INPUT NO
CONTROLS NO

SUBCATCHMENTS ALL

NODES ALL LINKS ALL

[TAGS]

[MAP]

DIMENSIONS 0.000 0.000 10000.000 10000.000

Uni ts None

[COORDI NATES]

;; Node	X-Coord	Y-Coord	
POC-1 DI V1 DI V2 DI V3 DI V4 DI V5 DI V6 DI V7 DI V8 STOR1 STOR2 STOR3 STOR4 STOR5 STOR6 STOR7 STOR8	1480. 263 -2767. 094 -1570. 513 74. 786 2035. 446 4134. 615 5202. 991 6517. 094 7467. 949 -2051. 282 -1549. 145 10. 684 961. 538 2553. 419 4326. 923 6047. 009 6955. 128	383. 772 3012. 821 4476. 496 5715. 812 4103. 115 5448. 718 5566. 239 4155. 983 3151. 709 1655. 983 3205. 128 3568. 376 5224. 359 3589. 744 3311. 966 3023. 504 1762. 821	
[VERTI CES] ; ; Li nk	X-Coord	Y-Coord	

[Pol voons]

;;Subcatchment		Y-Coord
DMA-1 BMP-1 DMA-2 DMA-3 DMA-4 DMA-5 DMA-6 DMA-7 DMA-8 BMP-2 BMP-3 BMP-4		7232. 906 5790. 598 6901. 709 7905. 983 8119. 658 7948. 718 7948. 718 7735. 043 7895. 299 5993. 590 6688. 034 6613. 248
Dilli i	1071.000	Page 8

	1	890_P0ST. TXT
BMP-5	4123. 932	63 5 6. 838
BMP-6	5534. 188	6720. 085
BMP-7	7040. 598	6047. 009
BMP-8	8333. 333	6047. 009
[SYMBOLS]		
;;Gage	X-Coord	Y-Coord
::		
OCEANSI DE	4081. 197	9081. 197

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.009)

RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

J-1890

POST PROJECT CONDITION

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF1 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP1 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF2 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF3 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit OF4 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF5 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF6 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF7

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit LF8

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP2

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP3

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP4

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP5

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP6

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP7

WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BP8

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

Analysis Options

Flow Units CFS

Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES

RDII NO

Snowmelt NO

Groundwater NO

Flow Routing YES

Ponding Allowed NO

Water Quality NO

Infiltration Method GREEN_AMPT

Flow Routing Method KINWAVE

Starting Date AUG-28-1951 05:00:00

Ending Date MAY-23-2008 23:00:00

Antecedent Dry Days 0.0

Report Time Step 00:15:00

Wet Time Step	00:05:00
Dry Time Step	01:00:00
Routing Time Step	60.00 sed

*******	*****	Volume	Depth
Runoff Quantity Continu	•	eet incl	nes
Initial LID Storage	0.015	0.060	
Total Precipitation	168.478	675.090	
Evaporation Loss	15.048	60.297	
Infiltration Loss	95.625	383.167	
Surface Runoff	13.908	55.730	
LID Drainage	44.157	176.938	
Final Storage	0.026	0.105	
Continuity Error (%)	-0.161		

*******	*****	Volume	Volume
Flow Routing Continuity	acre-fee	et 10^6	gal
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000	
Wet Weather Inflow	58.066	5 18.92	2
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000	
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000	
External Inflow	0.000	0.000	
External Outflow	57.015	18.579	
Flooding Loss	4.063	1.324	
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000	
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000	
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000	
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.000	
Continuity Error (%)	-5.188		

All links are stable.

Minimum Time Step : 60.00 sec
Average Time Step : 60.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 60.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00

SWMM OUTPUT REPORT

POST-PROJECT CONDITION

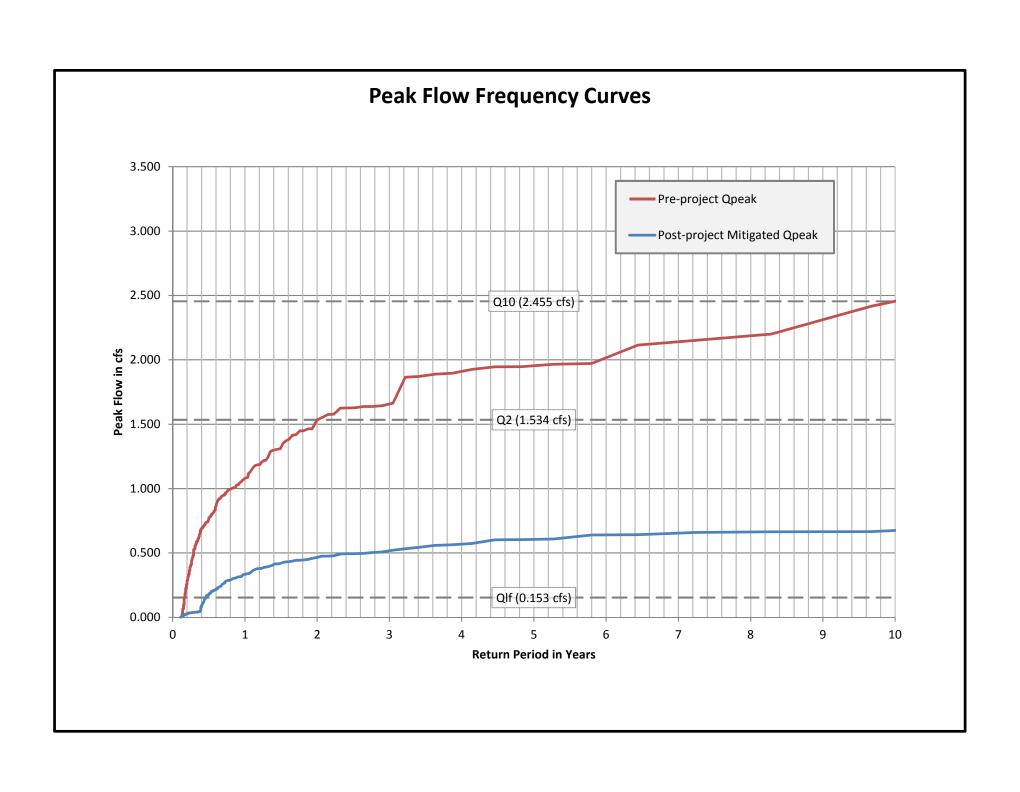
Average Iterations per Step: 1.00 Percent Not Converging: 0.00

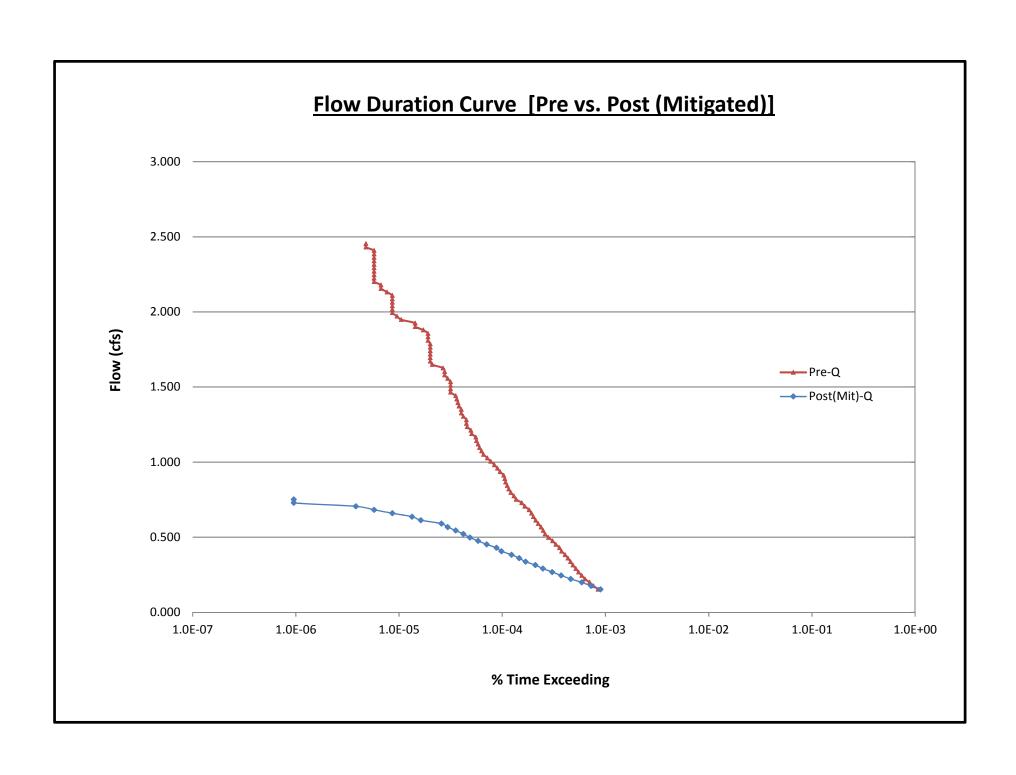
Analysis begun on: Fri Sep 22 11:47:52 2017 Analysis ended on: Fri Sep 22 11:52:00 2017

Total elapsed time: 00:04:08

Peak Flow Frequency Summary

Return Period	Pre-project Q (cfs)	Post-project - Mitigated Q (cfs)
LF = 0.1*Q2	0.153	0.047
2-year	1.534	0.465
3-year	1.657	0.517
4-year	1.910	0.569
5-year	1.954	0.606
6-year	2.016	0.641
7-year	2.140	0.654
8-year	2.187	0.663
9-year	2.311	0.665
10-year	2.455	0.675





BMP-1

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	6	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.5	ft
		42	in
	_	0.6	
Orifice Coefficient	C_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.33	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	330	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_r}A_G$	330	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S,}A_{G}$	0.0076	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.699	in/hr
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	6.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.1079	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00534	cfs

BMP-2

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	6	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.5	ft
, , , , ,		42	in
0.00		0.6	
Orifice Coefficient	c_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.33	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	450	ft ²
Diagraphy of the Country of August	A_{S,A_G}	450	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	A_{S,A_G}	0.0103	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.513	in/hr
			.
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	6.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.0791	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00534	cfs

BMP-3

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	6	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.5	ft
. 5		42	in
	_	0.6	
Orifice Coefficient	C_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.4	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.008	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	400	ft ²
B:	$A_{S_r}A_G$	400	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	A_{S,A_G}	0.0092	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.847	in/hr
			_
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	6.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.1307	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00784	cfs

BMP-4

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	6	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.5	ft
		42	in
	_	0.6	
Orifice Coefficient	C_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.55	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.015	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	825	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_r}A_G$	825	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_r}A_G$	0.0189	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.776	in/hr
	ı		
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	6.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.1197	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.01481	cfs

BMP-5

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	6	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.5	ft
		42	in
Orifice Coefficient	c_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.33	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_{PD}	230	ft ²
- ,	$A_{S_r}A_G$	230	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_i}A_{G}$	0.0053	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	1.003	in/hr
rioti itate (per anicarea)	٩	2.000	,
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	6.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.1548	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00534	cfs

BMP-6

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	8	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.7	ft
		44	in
Orifice Coefficient	C_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.3	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Trow nate (volumetrie)	ď	0.003	CIS
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	416	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	A_{S,A_G}	416	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	A_{S,A_G}	0.0096	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.469	in/hr
			_
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	8.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.0707	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00452	cfs

BMP-7

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	8	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.7	ft
		44	in
	_	0.6	
Orifice Coefficient	c_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.3	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	380	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_r}A_G$	380	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_r}A_G$	0.0087	ac
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.514	in/hr
			_
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	8.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.0774	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00452	cfs

BMP-8

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	8	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	24	in
Gravel Layer	G	12	in
TOTAL		3.7	ft
101712		44	in
Orifice Coefficient	C_g	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.3	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A_PD	200	ft ²
	A_{S,A_G}	200	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	A_{S,A_G}	0.0046	ас
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.976	in/hr
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	8.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.1471	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00452	cfs

RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY J-1890

9/22/2017

Low-flow Threshold: 10%

0.1xQ2 (Pre): 0.153 cfs **Q10 (Pre):** 2.455 cfs

Ordinate #: 100

Incremental Q (Pre): 0.02301 cfs
Total Hourly Data: 1048571 hours

The proposed BMP:

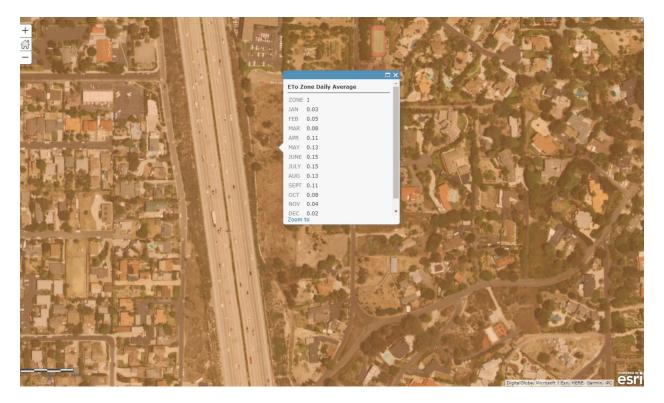
PASSED

Interval	Pre-project Flow (cfs)	Pre-project Hours	Pre-project % Time Exceeding	Post- project Hours	Post-project % Time Exceeding	Percentage	Pass/Fail
0	0.153	888	8.47E-04	938	8.95E-04	106%	Pass
1	0.176	802	7.65E-04	759	7.24E-04	95%	Pass
2	0.199	735	7.01E-04	617	5.88E-04	84%	Pass
3	0.222	663	6.32E-04	483	4.61E-04	73%	Pass
4	0.245	617	5.88E-04	390	3.72E-04	63%	Pass
5	0.268	574	5.47E-04	319	3.04E-04	56%	Pass
6	0.291	541	5.16E-04	259	2.47E-04	48%	Pass
7	0.314	507	4.84E-04	219	2.09E-04	43%	Pass
8	0.337	480	4.58E-04	176	1.68E-04	37%	Pass
9	0.361	454	4.33E-04	153	1.46E-04	34%	Pass
10	0.384	426	4.06E-04	129	1.23E-04	30%	Pass
11	0.407	394	3.76E-04	103	9.82E-05	26%	Pass
12	0.430	376	3.59E-04	92	8.77E-05	24%	Pass
13	0.453	346	3.30E-04	74	7.06E-05	21%	Pass
14	0.476	322	3.07E-04	61	5.82E-05	19%	Pass
15	0.499	294	2.80E-04	51	4.86E-05	17%	Pass
16	0.522	273	2.60E-04	44	4.20E-05	16%	Pass
17	0.545	261	2.49E-04	37	3.53E-05	14%	Pass
18	0.568	249	2.37E-04	31	2.96E-05	12%	Pass
19	0.591	234	2.23E-04	27	2.57E-05	12%	Pass
20	0.614	221	2.11E-04	17	1.62E-05	8%	Pass
21	0.637	210	2.00E-04	14	1.34E-05	7%	Pass
22	0.660	201	1.92E-04	9	8.58E-06	4%	Pass
23	0.683	191	1.82E-04	6	5.72E-06	3%	Pass
24	0.706	173	1.65E-04	4	3.81E-06	2%	Pass
25	0.729	162	1.54E-04	1	9.54E-07	1%	Pass
26	0.752	143	1.36E-04	1	9.54E-07	1%	Pass
27	0.775	136	1.30E-04	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
28	0.798	127	1.21E-04	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
29 30	0.821 0.844	121 117	1.15E-04	0	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0% 0%	Pass
31		117	1.12E-04	0	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0%	Pass
32	0.867 0.890	111	1.08E-04 1.06E-04	0	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0%	Pass Pass
33	0.913	108	1.03E-04	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
34	0.936	100	9.54E-05	0	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0%	Pass
35	0.959	94	8.96E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
36	0.982	88	8.39E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
37	1.005	81	7.72E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
38	1.028	75	7.15E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
39	1.051	69	6.58E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
40	1.074	66	6.29E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
41	1.097	63	6.01E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
42	1.120	61	5.82E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
43	1.143	59	5.63E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass

Interval	Pre-project Flow (cfs)	Pre-project Hours	Pre-project % Time Exceeding	Post- project Hours	Post-project % Time Exceeding	Percentage	Pass/Fail
44	1.166	58	5.53E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
45	1.189	53	5.05E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
46	1.212	52	4.96E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
47	1.235	48	4.58E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
48	1.258	47	4.48E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
49	1.281	47	4.48E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
50	1.304	44	4.20E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
51	1.327	42	4.01E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
52	1.350	42	4.01E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
53	1.373	40	3.81E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
54	1.396	39	3.72E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
55	1.419	38	3.62E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
56	1.419	37		0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
			3.53E-05		0.00E+00 0.00E+00		
57	1.465	33	3.15E-05	0		0% 0%	Pass
58	1.488	33	3.15E-05	0	0.00E+00		Pass
59	1.511	33	3.15E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
60	1.534	33	3.15E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
61	1.557	31	2.96E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
62	1.580	29	2.77E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
63	1.603	29	2.77E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
64	1.626	28	2.67E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
65	1.649	22	2.10E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
66	1.672	21	2.00E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
67	1.695	21	2.00E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
68	1.718	21	2.00E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
69	1.741	21	2.00E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
70	1.764	21	2.00E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
71	1.787	21	2.00E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
72	1.810	20	1.91E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
73	1.833	20	1.91E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
74	1.856	20	1.91E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
75	1.879	18	1.72E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
76	1.902	15	1.43E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
77	1.925	15	1.43E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
78	1.948	11	1.05E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
79	1.971	10	9.54E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
80	1.994	9	8.58E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
81	2.017	9	8.58E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
82	2.040	9	8.58E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
83	2.063	9	8.58E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
84	2.086	9	8.58E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
85	2.109	9	8.58E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
86	2.132	8	7.63E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
87	2.155	7	6.68E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
88	2.178	7	6.68E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
89	2.202	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
90	2.225	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
91	2.248	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
92	2.271	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
93	2.294	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass

Interval	Pre-project Flow (cfs)	Pre-project Hours	Pre-project % Time Exceeding	Post- project Hours	Post-project % Time Exceeding	Percentage	Pass/Fail
94	2.317	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
95	2.340	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
96	2.363	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
97	2.386	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
98	2.409	6	5.72E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
99	2.432	5	4.77E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
100	2.455	5	4.77E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass

SHERIDAN AVENUE



Source:

http://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=46368de75d69480db276c0b42e4afd80



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000. Area of Interest (AOI) С Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils D Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Soil Rating Polygons misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line Not rated or not available Α placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting **Water Features** soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. A/D Streams and Canals В Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Transportation measurements. Rails ---Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Interstate Highways Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov C/D **US Routes** Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) D Major Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Not rated or not available Local Roads \sim distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Soil Rating Lines Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate Background Α calculations of distance or area are required. Aerial Photography A/D This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: San Diego County Area, California Survey Area Data: Version 10, Sep 12, 2016 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 3, 2014—Nov 22, 2014 Not rated or not available The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were **Soil Rating Points** compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting A/D of map unit boundaries may be evident. В B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — San Diego County Area, California (CA638)								
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
CbD	Carlsbad gravelly loamy sand, 9 to 15 percent slopes	В	0.1	3.0%				
CsD	Corralitos loamy sand, 9 to 15 percent slopes	А	3.0	97.0%				
Totals for Area of Inter	est	3.1	100.0%					

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

ATTACHMENT 3 Structural BMP Maintenance Information

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 3.

Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 3a	Structural BMP Maintenance Thresholds and Actions (Required)	XIncluded See Structural BMP Maintenance Information Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.
Attachment 3b	Draft Maintenance Agreement (when applicable)	XIncluded □ Not Applicable

Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included in the Structural BMP Maintenance Information Attachment:

X Preliminary Design / Planning / CEQA level submittal:

Attachment 3a must identify:

X Typical maintenance indicators and actions for proposed structural BMP(s) based on Section 7.7 of the BMP Design Manual

Attachment 3b is not required for preliminary design / planning / CEQA level submittal.

☐ Final Design level submittal:

Attachment 3a must identify:

Specific maintenance indicators and actions for proposed structural BMP(s). This
shall be based on Section 7.7 of the BMP Design Manual and enhanced to reflect
actual proposed components of the structural BMP(s)
How to access the structural BMP(s) to inspect and perform maintenance
Features that are provided to facilitate inspection (e.g., observation ports,
cleanouts, silt posts, or other features that allow the inspector to view necessary components of the structural BMP and compare to maintenance thresholds)
Manufacturer and part number for proprietary parts of structural BMP(s) when applicable
Maintenance thresholds specific to the structural BMP(s), with a location-specific frame of reference (e.g., level of accumulated materials that triggers removal of the materials, to be identified based on viewing marks on silt posts or measured with a survey rod with respect to a fixed benchmark within the BMP)
Recommended equipment to perform maintenance
When applicable, necessary special training or certification requirements for inspection and maintenance personnel such as confined space entry or hazardous waste management

Attachment 3b: For private entity operation and maintenance, Attachment 3b shall include a draft maintenance agreement in the local jurisdiction's standard format (PDP applicant to contact the City Engineer to obtain the current maintenance agreement forms).

Attachment 3a: Structural BMP Maintenance Thresholds and Actions

Inspection and Maintenance Activities for Treatment Control BMPs

The structural treatment control BMPs for the proposed project consists of eight (8) biofiltration basin. The discussions below provide inspection frequency, maintenance indicators and maintenance activities for the proposed structural BMPs. The proposed biofiltration basins should be inspected and maintained to ensure proper functionality over time. The discussion below provides recommendations for inspection and maintenance for the biofiltration basins in order to ensure their lasting effectiveness.

During inspection, the inspector shall check for the maintenance indicators given below and take the appropriate maintenance action:

Typical Maintenance Indicator(s) for Vegetated BMPs	Maintenance Actions
Accumulation of sediment, litter, or debris	Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials, without damage to the vegetation.
Poor vegetation establishment	Re-seed, re-plant, or re-establish vegetation per original plans.
Overgrown vegetation	Mow or trim as appropriate, but not less than the design height of the vegetation per original plans when applicable
Erosion due to concentrated irrigation flow	Repair/re-seed/re-plant eroded areas and adjust the irrigation system.
Erosion due to concentrated storm water runoff flow	Repair/re-seed/re-plant eroded areas, and make appropriate corrective measures such as adding erosion control blankets, adding stone at flow entry points, or minor re-grading to restore proper drainage according to the original plan. If the issue is not corrected by restoring the BMP to the original plan and grade, the City Engineer shall be contacted prior to any additional repairs or reconstruction.
Standing water in or biofiltration basin for longer than 96 hours following a storm event*	Make appropriate corrective measures such as adjusting irrigation system, removing obstructions of debris or invasive vegetation, clearing underdrains (where applicable), or repairing/replacing clogged or compacted soils.
Obstructed inlet or outlet structure	Clear obstructions.
Damage to structural components such as weirs, inlet or outlet structures	Repair or replace as applicable.

*These BMPs typically include a surface ponding layer as part of their function which may take 96 hours to drain following a storm event.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency

The Table below lists the TC-BMPs to be inspected and maintained and the minimum frequency of inspection and maintenance activities.

Table 4.1: Summary Table of Inspection and Maintenance Frequency

	Inspection	
ВМР	Frequency	Maintenance Frequency
	At a minimum:	Routine maintenance to remove accumulated materials at the
Biofiltration	annually, and after	inlets and outlets: annually, on or before September 30th. As-
Basins	major storm	needed maintenance based on maintenance indicators
	events	

The frequencies given in the Summary Table of Inspection and Maintenance Frequency are minimum recommended frequencies for inspection and maintenance activities for the project. Typically, the frequency of maintenance required for structural BMPs is site and drainage area specific. If it is determined during the regularly scheduled inspection and/or routine maintenance that a structural BMP requires more frequent maintenance (e.g., to remove accumulated trash) it may be necessary to increase the frequency of inspection and/or routine maintenance.

Recordkeeping Requirements

The party responsible to ensure implementation and funding of maintenance of structural BMPs shall maintain records documenting the inspection and maintenance activities. The records must be kept a minimum of 5 years and shall be made available to the City of Solana Beach for inspection upon request at any time.

RECORDING REQUESTED BY:
WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:
(property owner)

(property owner)				
	SPACE	ABOVE THIS LINE FOR	RECORDER'S USE	
		ICATION AGR	EEMENT FOR TURAL BMP's	
THIS AGREEMENT is made on the replaces and rescinds the previous agre		, the Owner(s) of the	hereinafter described real p	property:
Address Assessor Parcel No.(s)		Post Office	Zip Code	
List, identify, locate (in Exhibit A) and de		Sest Management Practice	below:	
Owner(s) of the above property acknowl said property. Perpetual maintenance o 0001, Section E.3.e. and the County of Sthrough Section 67.814, and County BM construct and maintain Structural BMP(s be applicable), I/we hereby covenant and 1. I/We are the owner(s) of the existin 2. I/We shall take the responsibility for maintenance plan (in Exhibit B) and have ownership of said property(ies 3. I/We shall cooperate with and allow prescribed by local and state regula 4. I/We shall inform future buyer(s) or responsibilities for Structural BMP(s 5. I/We will abide by all of the requirer thereof) as it exists on the date of the third toology of the county to Ordinances, Title 1, Division 8, Chapter	f the Structural BMP(sean Diego Watershed P Design Manual (BMs), as conditioned by Ed agree that: g (or to be constructed in the perpetual mainted in compliance with Cos). the County staff to costors. successors of said prosides and standards of the subject property said property, or any less successive owner as impose penalties upo	s) is the requirement of the Protection Ordinance (WF Protection Ordinance (WF PDM) Chapters 7 & 8. In Discretionary Permit, Graded documents of the Structural BN County's self-inspection reported one onto said property (iestoperty (iestoperty (iestoperty (iestoperty is incorporated)) is conveyed to any other poortion thereof, shall contact cording to the terms of the nother property owner as protection or the property owner as protection of the property own	e State NPDES Permit, Order PO) Ordinance No. 10385 State on State NPDES Permit, Order PO) Ordinance No. 10385 State consideration of the requiring Permit, and/or Building Is proceed on the above describility of the state of t	er No. R9-2015- ection 67.812 ement to Permit (as may ped property. ordance with the s long as I/we uties as ce requirement future owner(s). (or renumbering the instrument naintenance of this
Owner(s) Signature(s)				
Print Owner(s) Name(s) and Title				
STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF)			
On be personally appeared	efore me,		Notary	Public,
personally appeared the person(s) whose name(s) is/are sub- same in his/her/their authorized capacity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted	scribed to the within ir (ies), and that by his/	nstrument and acknowledg her/their signature(s) on th	ed to me that he/she/they e	executed the

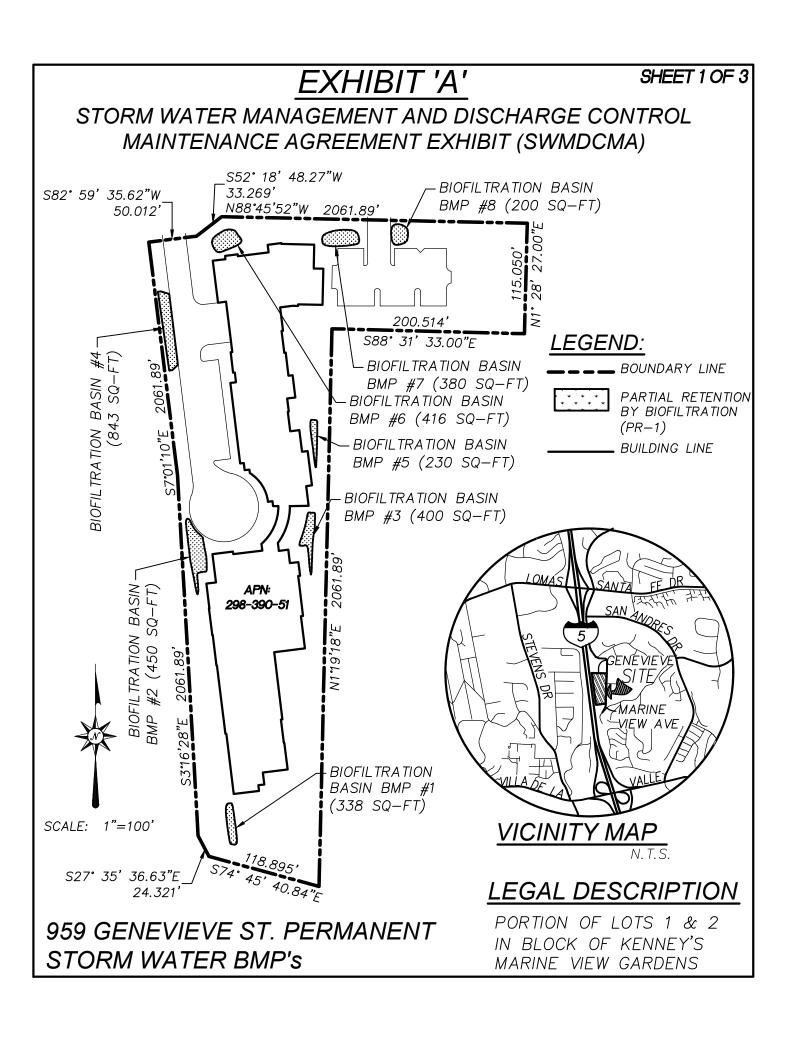
upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

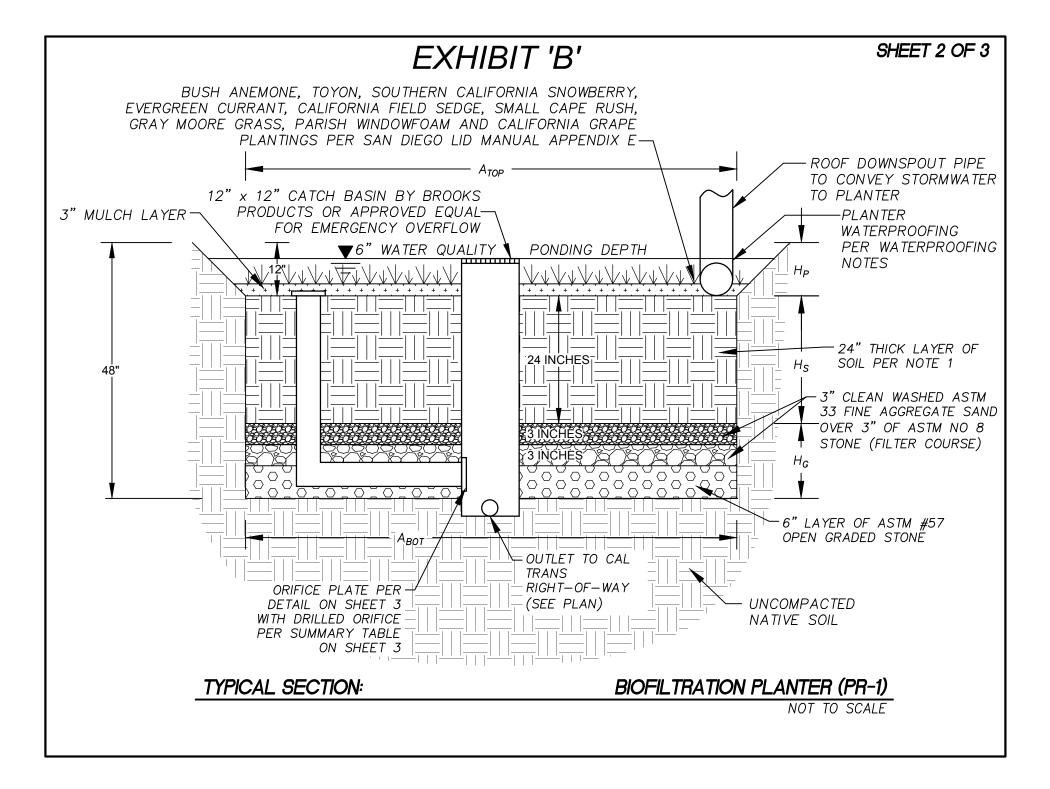
I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Include Exhibits that illustrate:

- Exhibit A: Project Site Vicinity; the Project Site Map; and a map for each BMP and it's Drainage Management Area
- Exhibit B: the maintenance plan.



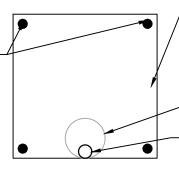


SHEET 3 OF 3

BMP #	H _P (FT)	H _S (FT)	H _G (FT)	HMP ORIFICE (IN)	А _{вот} (FT ²)	А _{ТОР} (FT ²)
1	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.33	330	330
2	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.33	450	450
3	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.40	400	400
4	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.55	825	825
5	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.33	230	230
6	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.30	416	416
7	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.30	380	380
8	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.30	200	200

BMP SIZE + ORIFICE DIAMETER SUMMARY

ATTACH TO INSIDE OF-STORM DRAIN STRUCTURE IN FRONT OF SUB-DRAIN OUTLET. ATTACH WITH TAMPER PROOF BOLTS AT EACH CORNER, TYP.



-6"X6" SQUARE, MIN., 1 INCH THICK
STEEL PLATE. HOT DIP GALVANIZE
AFTER FABRICATION AND DRILLING.
PLACE NEOPRENE RING BETWEEN THE
PLATE AND STRUCTURE WALL PRIOR TO
ATTACHMENT FOR A WATER TIGHT
CONNECTION

— PERFORATED PVC PLANTER SUB-DRAIN DRILL ORIFICE PER TABLE ABOVE & APPROVED STORM WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWQMP)

DRILLED ORIFICE PLATE DETAIL (TYP.)

NOT TO SCALE

POST-CONSTRUCTION PERMANENT BMP OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE DETAILS

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT AND DISCHARGE CONTROL CONTROL MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT APPROVAL NO.:

O&M RESPONSIBLE PARTY DESIGNEE: PACIFIC SOUND INVESTORS, LLC

BMP DESCRIPTION		MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY	MAINTENANCE METHOD	QUANTITY	SHEET NUMBER(S)
BIOFILTRATION PLANTER LID AND TREATMENT CONTROL	BI-ANNUAL		MOWING AND DEBRIS COLLECTION AS NECESSARY. REPAIR AS NEEDED.	8	C1.0
SELF MITIGATING AREAS (PER APPENDIX E)	BI-ANNUAL		MOWING AND DEBRIS COLLECTION AS NECESSARY. REPAIR AS NEEDED.	1	C1.0
SITE DESIGN AREAS (PER APPENDIX E)	BI-ANNUAL		MOWING AND DEBRIS COLLECTION AS NECESSARY. REPAIR AS NEEDED.	1	C1.0

ATTACHMENT 4 Copy of Plan Sheets Showing Permanent Storm Water BMPs

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 4.

Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the plans:

The plans must identify:

- XStructural BMP(s) with ID numbers matching Form 4 Summary of PDP Structural BMPs
- XThe grading and drainage design shown on the plans must be consistent with the delineation of DMAs shown on the DMA exhibit
- MDetails and specifications for construction of structural BMP(s)
- XSignage indicating the location and boundary of structural BMP(s) as required by the City Engineer
- $oxed{ ext{M}}$ How to access the structural BMP(s) to inspect and perform maintenance
- XFeatures that are provided to facilitate inspection (e.g., observation ports, cleanouts, silt posts, or other features that allow the inspector to view necessary components of the structural BMP and compare to maintenance thresholds)
- $oxtime{\mathbb{N}}$ Manufacturer and part number for proprietary parts of structural BMP(s) when applicable
- Maintenance thresholds specific to the structural BMP(s), with a location-specific frame of reference (e.g., level of accumulated materials that triggers removal of the materials, to be identified based on viewing marks on silt posts or measured with a survey rod with respect to a fixed benchmark within the BMP)
- Recommended equipment to perform maintenance
- X When applicable, necessary special training or certification requirements for inspection and maintenance personnel such as confined space entry or hazardous waste management
- XInclude landscaping plan sheets showing vegetation requirements for vegetated structural BMP(s)
- XAII BMPs must be fully dimensioned on the plans
- ☐ When proprietary BMPs are used, site-specific cross section with outflow, inflow, and model number shall be provided. Photocopies of general brochures are not acceptable.
- XA single plan BMP sheet for each construction drawing highlighting only those BMPs included in the referenced construction drawing. (See Section 5.5.2 of the City's JRMP for further detail.)

